

"QUIZ" for Lecture 23

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E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: qXFfirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Dec. 1, 2020, 8:00pm

1. Determine whether or not the vector field is conservative. If it is, find a function  $f$  such that  $F = \nabla f$ .

$$F(x, y, z) = (3x^2y^3z^3 + yz) \mathbf{i} + (3x^3y^2z^3 + xz) \mathbf{j} + (3x^3y^3z^2 + xy) \mathbf{k}$$

①  $\text{curl } F = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$  :

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ P & Q & R \end{vmatrix} = \mathbf{i} (9y^2x^3z^2 + x - 9y^2x^3z^2 + x) - \mathbf{j} (9x^2y^3z^2 + y - 9x^2y^3z^2 + y) + \mathbf{k} (9x^2y^3z^2 + y - 9x^2y^3z^2 + y) = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle \checkmark$$

②  $\int (3x^2y^3z^3 + 4z) dx = (x^3y^3z^3 + 4zx + g(y, z)) dy = 3y^3z^3 + xz + g'(y, z) = 3x^3y^2z^3 + xz$   
 $\Rightarrow g'(y, z) = 0 \Rightarrow g(y, z) = h(z)$

$\frac{d}{dz} (x^3y^3z^3 + 4zx) = 3x^3y^3z^2 + 4x + h'(z) = 3x^3y^3z^2 + 4x$   
 $\Rightarrow h'(z) = 0$

$f = x^3y^3z^3 + 4zx$   
 $\hookrightarrow \boxed{f = x^3y^3z^3 + 4zx}$

2. Evaluate

$$\int_C P dx + Q dy$$

where  $C$  is the closed curve consisting of the boundary of the rectangle

$$\{(x, y) | 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}.$$

$$\iint_D \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (10x) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (5y) \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_D (10 - 5) dA$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_0^1 5 dx dy$$

$$\int_0^1 5 dx = 5x \Big|_0^1 = 5$$

$$\int_0^1 5 dy = 5y \Big|_0^1 = \boxed{5}$$