

①  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (3)(1) - (2)(4) = 3 - 8 = -5$

⑤  $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -3 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1(-3-0) - 2(4-0) + 1(0+3) = -3 - 8 + 3 = -8$

⑬  $(\hat{i} + \hat{j}) \times \hat{k} = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle \times \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$   
 $\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (0)\hat{i} - \hat{j} + (0)\hat{k} = -\hat{j}$

⑳  $(u-2v) \times (u+2v)$   
 $= (u-2v) \times u + (u-2v) \times 2v$   
 $= (u \times u) - (2v \times u) + (u \times 2v) - (2v \times 2v)$   
 $= 0 - 2(v \times u) + 2(u \times v) - 0$   
 $= 2(u \times v) + 2(u \times v)$  (equal)  
 $= 4(u \times v)$

㉓  $-u (-\hat{k})$

㉔  $v = \langle 3, 0, 0 \rangle$   
 $w = \langle 0, 1, -1 \rangle$

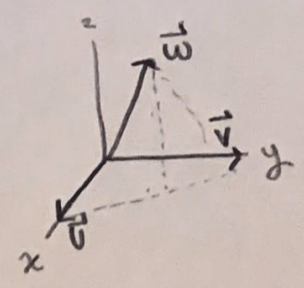
determine  $u = v \times w$

$v \cdot w = |v||w| \cos \theta \rightarrow (3)(\sqrt{2}) + (0)(1) + (0)(-1) = 3\sqrt{2} \cos \theta$   
 $0 = 3\sqrt{2} \cos \theta$   
 $\cos \theta = 0 \rightarrow \theta = 90^\circ$

$\vec{u} = |v||w| \sin \theta \hat{r}$   
 $\vec{u} = |3||\sqrt{2}| \sin(90) \hat{r}$   
 $\vec{u} = 0$

④⑤  $P = (1, 2), Q = (3, 4), R = (-2, 2)$   
 $\vec{PQ} = \langle 2, 2 \rangle$   
 $\vec{PR} = \langle -3, 0 \rangle$   
 $\cos \theta = \frac{A \cdot B}{|A||B|} = \frac{-6}{2 \times 3} = -1$   
 $\theta = 180^\circ$   
 $\text{Area } \Delta = \frac{|A||B| \sin \theta}{2} = 0$

③⑨



$\vec{u} = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$   
 $\vec{v} = \langle 0, 2, 0 \rangle$   
 $\vec{w} = \langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle$

volume of parallelepiped =  $\vec{u} \cdot |\vec{v} \times \vec{w}|$

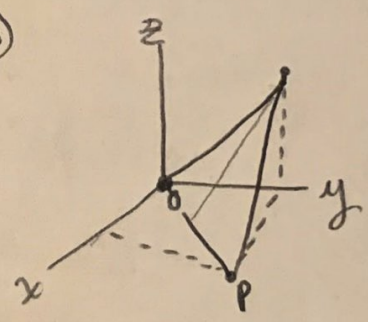
$\vec{v} \times \vec{w} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 4\hat{i} - 0\hat{j} + (-2)\hat{k}$   
 $\langle 4, 0, -2 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle = 4$

④①  $u = \langle 1, 0, 3 \rangle$  area of parallelogram:  
 $v = \langle 2, 1, 1 \rangle$   $|A \times B| = |A||B| \sin \theta$

$\cos \theta = \frac{2+0+3}{\sqrt{10} \times 2} = \frac{5}{2\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow \theta = 37.76^\circ$

area =  $|\sqrt{10}| |2| \sin(37.76)$   
 area = 3.87 units<sup>2</sup>

④③



Area  $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} |v \times u|$   
 where...  
 $v = \vec{OP}$   
 $u = \vec{OQ}$

$OP = \langle 3, 0, -3 \rangle$   
 $OQ = \langle 0, 3, 3 \rangle$

$\cos \theta = \frac{A \cdot B}{|A||B|}$   
 $\cos \theta = \frac{-9}{\sqrt{18} \sqrt{18}} = -\frac{1}{2}$

$\theta = 120^\circ$

$|v \times u| = |v||u| \sin \theta$   
 $= \sqrt{18} \sqrt{18} \sin(120) = 15.59$

Area  $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} (15.59) = 7.8 \text{ units}^2$



12.3 HW — #1, 13, 21, 29, 31, 57, 63

①  $\langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 4, 3, 5 \rangle = (1)(4) + (2)(3) + (1)(5)$   
 $= 4 + 6 + 5$   
 $= 15$

⑬ Orthogonal  $\rightarrow \perp$  to each other

$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{A}| |\vec{B}|}$      $\vec{A} = \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$   
 $\vec{B} = \langle 1, -2, -2 \rangle$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, -2, -2 \rangle}{(\sqrt{1^2+1^2+1^2})(\sqrt{(1)^2+(-2)^2+(-2)^2})}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{(1)(1) + (-2)(1) + (-2)(1)}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{9}}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{-3}{3\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}$

$\arccos\left(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = 125.26^\circ$

$\hookrightarrow$  obtuse  $\angle$ , not orthogonal

⑳ Find  $\cos \theta$

$\vec{A} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle$

$\vec{B} = \hat{j} + 2\hat{k} = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle$

$\cos \theta = \frac{\langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle \cdot \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle}{(\sqrt{1^2+1^2})(\sqrt{1^2+2^2})}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{(1)(0) + (1)(1) + (2)(0)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{5}}$

$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$

㉔ Find all values of  $b$  which the vectors are orthogonal.

a)  $\langle b, 3, 2 \rangle \perp \langle 1, b, 1 \rangle \rightarrow \cos(\pi) = 0$

$0 = b + 3b + 2 = \frac{4b + 2}{\sqrt{b^2+9+4} \sqrt{b^2+2}}$

$\rightarrow 0 = 4b + 2$

$b = -1/2$

b)  $\langle 4, -2, 1 \rangle$

$\langle b^2, b, 0 \rangle$

$0 = 4b^2 - 2b$

$\sqrt{69} \sqrt{b^2+b}$

$\rightarrow 0 = 4b^2 - 2b$   
 $0 = 2b(2b - 1)$   
 $b = 0, 1/2$

— ㉕  $\langle 2, 0, -3 \rangle$

$0 = 2x + 0 - 3z \rightarrow 0 = 2x - 3z$

$\langle 3, 0, 2 \rangle$

$\langle 6, 0, 4 \rangle$

㉖ proj. of  $u$  along  $v$

$\text{proj} = \frac{\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B}}{|\vec{B}|^2} \vec{B} = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{|\vec{v}|^2} \vec{v}$ , where...

$u = \langle 5, 7, -4 \rangle$

$v = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$

$= \frac{(-4)}{1} \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$

$= \langle 0, 0, -4 \rangle$

⑬  $|u - v_{\text{proj}}|^2 + |v_{\text{proj}}|^2 = |u|^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{899 + 113}^2 + \sqrt{1080 + 68}^2 = \sqrt{34}^2$

$u = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$      $v_{\text{proj}} = \frac{34}{\sqrt{68}} \langle 8, 2 \rangle$

$v = \langle 8, 2 \rangle$

$= \frac{34}{2\sqrt{17}} \langle 8, 2 \rangle = \left\langle \frac{136}{\sqrt{17}}, \frac{34}{\sqrt{17}} \right\rangle$

$u - v = \left\langle 3 - \frac{136}{\sqrt{17}}, 5 - \frac{34}{\sqrt{17}} \right\rangle$



13.1 HW - 5, 17

(5)  $P = (3, -5, 7)$

direction of  $v = \langle 3, 0, 1 \rangle$

$\langle 3, -5, 7 \rangle + t \langle 3, 0, 1 \rangle$

$= \langle 3 + 3t, -5, 7 + t \rangle$

(11)  $r(t) = (9 \cos t) \hat{i} + 9(\sin t) \hat{j}$

center =  $\langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$

radius = 9 units

plane =  $z$

13.2 HW - # 3, 5, 7, 15, 31, 33, 41, 49

(3)  $\langle 1, 0, 4 \rangle$

(5)  $\langle -t^{-2}, \cos t, 0 \rangle$

(7)  $r'(t) = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$

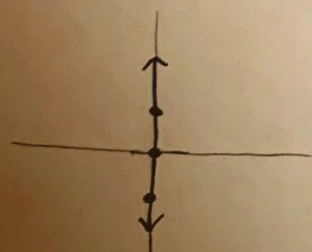
(15)  $r(t) = \langle 1 - t^2, t \rangle \quad -1 \leq t \leq 1$

Tangent Line to curve:

$\langle x, y, z \rangle = P + tD$

$r'(t) = \langle -2t, 1 \rangle$   
direction vector

$(1, 0) + t \langle -2t, 1 \rangle$   
 $= \langle 1 - 2t^2, t \rangle$



(40)  $\int_{-2}^2 (u^3 \hat{i} + u^5 \hat{j}) du$

$\left\langle \frac{u^4}{4}, \frac{u^6}{6}, u \right\rangle \Big|_{-2}^2$

$= \langle 0, 0, 4 \rangle$

(49)  $r'(t) = \langle t^2, 5t, 1 \rangle$

$r(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{3}t^3, \frac{5}{2}t^2, t \right\rangle$

$r(1) = \hat{j} + 2\hat{k} = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle$

$r(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{1}{3}, \frac{5}{2}t^2 - \frac{3}{2}, t + 1 \right\rangle$

(31)  $r(t) = \langle 1 - t^2, 5t, 2t^3 \rangle \quad t = 2$

$P = \langle -3, 10, 16 \rangle$

direction  $\vec{v} : r'(t) = \langle -2t, 5, 6t^2 \rangle$

$P + t \cdot D \Rightarrow \langle -3, 10, 16 \rangle + t \langle -2t, 5, 6t^2 \rangle$

$= \langle -3 - 2t^2, 10 + 5t, 16 + 6t^3 \rangle$

(33)  $r(s) = 4s^{-1} \hat{i} - \frac{8}{3}s^{-3} \hat{k} \quad s = 1$

$P = \left( \frac{1}{4}, 0, -\frac{8}{3} \right)$

direction  $\vec{v} : \langle -4s^{-2}, 0, 8s^{-4} \rangle$

$\left( \frac{1}{4}, 0, -\frac{8}{3} \right) + s \langle -4s^{-2}, 0, 8s^{-4} \rangle = \left\langle \frac{1}{4} - 4s^{-1}, 0, -\frac{8}{3} + 8s^{-3} \right\rangle$



①  $n = \langle 1, 3, 2 \rangle$   $P = (4, -1, 1)$

from origin:  
 $O = (0, 0, 0)$   
 $P = (4, -1, 1)$   
 $\vec{v} = (4-0, -1-0, 1-0) = (4, -1, 1)$

$ax + by + cz = d$   
 $d = \langle 1, 3, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 4, -1, 1 \rangle$   
 $= (4) - (3) + (2) = 3$   
 $d = 3 \rightarrow$  scalar form:  
 $4x - y + z = 3$

⑤  $n = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle$   $P = (3, 1, -9)$

from origin:  
 $O = (0, 0, 0)$   
 $P = (3, 1, -9)$   
 $\vec{v} = \langle 3-0, 1-0, -9-0 \rangle = \langle 3, 1, -9 \rangle$

$d = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle \cdot \langle 3, 1, -9 \rangle$   
 $d = 3 \rightarrow$  scalar form:  
 $3x + y - 9z = 3$

⑨  $ax + by + cz = d$

⑩ (B)

⑬  $9x - 4y - 11z = 2$

$ax + by + cz = d$   
 $n = \langle 9, -4, -11 \rangle$

⑮  $3(x-4) - 8(y-1) + 11z = 0$

$3x - 12 - 8y + 8 + 11z = 0$

$3x - 8y + 11z = 4$

$n = \langle 3, -8, 11 \rangle$

⑰  $P = (2, -1, 4)$

$Q = (1, 1, 1)$

$R = (3, 1, -2)$

cross product:

$\vec{PQ} \times \vec{PR} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -1 & 0 & -3 \\ 1 & 0 & -6 \end{vmatrix} = 0\hat{i} - 9\hat{j} - 0\hat{k}$

Plane =  $\langle 0, -9, 0 \rangle$

⑲  $P = (1, 0, 0)$   $\vec{PQ} = \langle -1, 1, 1 \rangle$

$Q = (0, 1, 1)$   $\vec{PR} = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$

$R = (2, 0, 1)$

$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 1\hat{k}$   
 $\langle 1, 2, -1 \rangle$

⑳  $P = (-2, -3, 5)$

$n = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle$

$\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle x+2, y+3, z-5 \rangle$   
 $= (x+2) + (z-5) \rightarrow x + z = 3$

⑳

