

12.1
(5) $\langle \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}u, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}u \rangle$

(7) $\langle +\cos 20^\circ |W|, -\sin 20^\circ |W| \rangle$ $\langle \cos(-20^\circ) \|W\|, \sin(-20^\circ) \|W\| \rangle$

(9) $\vec{PQ} (-1, 5)$

(11) $\vec{PQ} (-2, -9)$

(15) $5\langle 6, 2 \rangle = \langle 30, 10 \rangle$

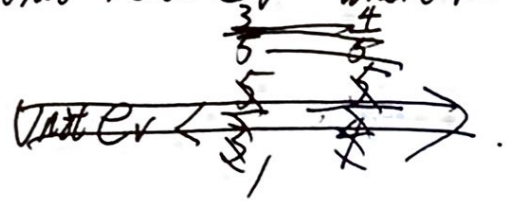
(21) $2V = \langle 4, 6 \rangle$

$-W = \langle -4, 1 \rangle$

$V+W = \langle 6, 4 \rangle$

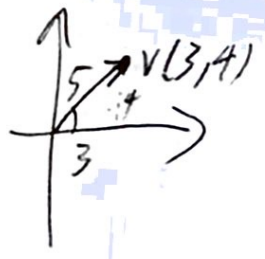
$2V-W = \langle 0, 5 \rangle$

(H) Unit vector e_v where $V = \langle 3, 4 \rangle$



Unit vector $\langle \cos \frac{3}{5}, \sin \frac{3}{5} \rangle$

$\langle \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \rangle$



(47) Unit vector e making an angle of $\frac{4\pi}{7}$ with the x-axis.

Unit vector $e \langle \cos \frac{3}{7}\pi, \sin \frac{3}{7}\pi \rangle$

$e = \langle \cos \frac{4}{7}\pi, \sin \frac{4}{7}\pi \rangle$

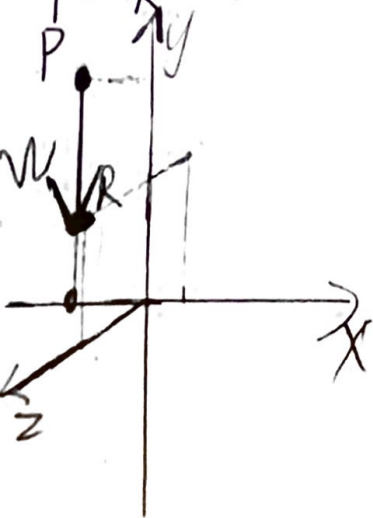


2.2

1) Find the point P such that $w = \overrightarrow{PR}$ has components $\langle 3, -2, 3 \rangle$, and sketch w .

$$R = (1, 4, 3)$$

$$P = R - w = \langle 1-3, 4-(-2), 3-3 \rangle = \langle -2, 6, 0 \rangle$$



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2020.9.9

3) Let $v = \langle 4, 8, 12 \rangle$. Which of the following vectors is parallel to v ? Which point is in the same direction? (a)

(a) $\langle 2, 4, 6 \rangle$

(b) $\langle -1, -2, 3 \rangle$

(c) $\langle -7, 14, -21 \rangle$

(d) $\langle 6, 10, 14 \rangle$

19) $-2\langle 8, 11, 3 \rangle + 4\langle 2, 1, 1 \rangle$

$$= \langle -16 + 8, -22 + 4, -6 + 4 \rangle$$

$$= \langle -8, -18, -2 \rangle$$

25) $\frac{u}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$

$u = \langle 4, 2, 6 \rangle, v = \langle 2, 1, 3 \rangle$

$$\frac{4}{2} = 2$$

$$2 \neq -2$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = 2$$

u, v are not parallel.

$$\frac{6}{3} = 2$$

$$(27) \quad u = \langle -3, 1, 4 \rangle \quad v = \langle 6, -2, 8 \rangle$$

$$\frac{-3}{6} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{-2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \neq -\frac{1}{2}$$

u, v are not parallel.

(31) Unit vector in the direction opposite to $v = \langle -4, 4, 2 \rangle$

$$v_{\text{opposite}} = \langle 4, -4, -2 \rangle$$

$$-e_v = \left\langle \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \right\rangle$$

(49) Find two different vector parametrizations of the line through $P = (5, 5, 2)$ with direction vector $v = \langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle$.

$$L_1 = (5, 5, 2) + t \langle -5, -7, -1 \rangle$$

$$L_2 = (5, 5, 2) + t \langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle$$

$$Pv = \langle -5, -7, -1 \rangle$$

(51) Show that the lines $r_1(t) = \langle -1, 2, 2 \rangle + t \langle 4, -3, 1 \rangle$ and $r_2(t) = \langle 0, 1, 1 \rangle + t \langle 2, 0, 1 \rangle$ do not intersect.

~~§~~ [No Answer in deck (33)]

$$r_1(t) = \langle 4t - 1, -3t + 2, t + 2 \rangle$$

$$r_2(t) = \langle 2t, 1, t + 1 \rangle$$

$$\text{eq} = \{ R_1(1) = R_2(1), R_1(2) = R_2(2), R_1(3) = R_2(3) \};$$

$$\{ 4t - 1 = 2t, -3t + 2 = 1, t + 2 = t + 1 \}$$

solve eq. t; no solve R_1, R_2 is ~~parallel~~ parallel.