

12.1

5) $\vec{u} = \|\vec{u}\| \cdot \langle \cos(45^\circ), \sin(45^\circ) \rangle$

7) $\vec{w} = \|\vec{w}\| \cdot \langle \cos(20^\circ), \sin(20^\circ) \rangle$

9) $P = (3, 2)$, $Q = (2, 7)$; $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle -1, 5 \rangle$

11) $P = (1, -7)$, $Q = (0, 17)$; $\overrightarrow{PQ} = \langle -1, 24 \rangle$

15) $5 \langle 6, 2 \rangle = \langle 30, 10 \rangle$

21) $\vec{v} = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$

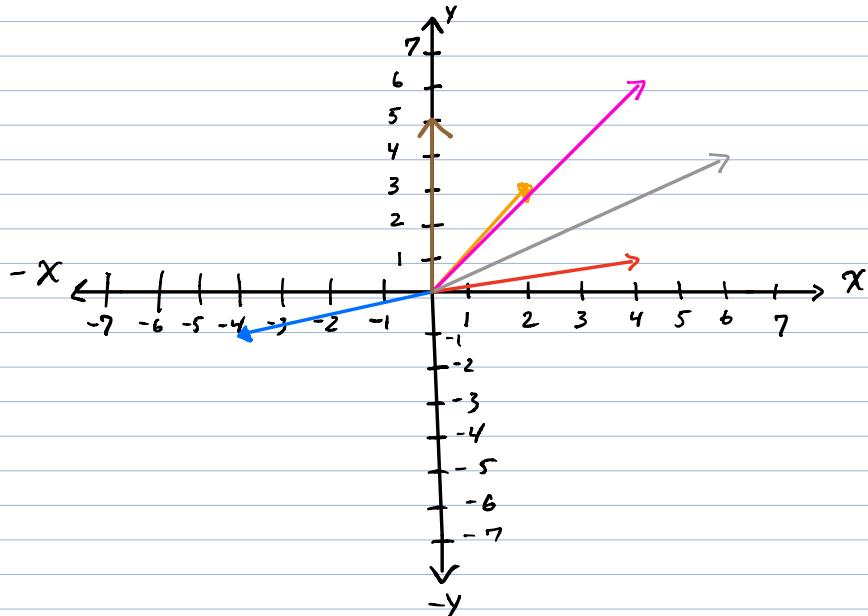
$\vec{w} = \langle 4, 1 \rangle$

$\vec{A} = 2\vec{v} = 2 \langle 2, 3 \rangle = \langle 4, 6 \rangle$

$\vec{B} = -\vec{w} = -\langle 4, 1 \rangle = \langle -4, -1 \rangle$

$\vec{C} = \vec{v} + \vec{w} = \langle 2, 3 \rangle + \langle 4, 1 \rangle = \langle 6, 4 \rangle$

$\vec{D} = 2\vec{v} - \vec{w} = 2 \langle 2, 3 \rangle - \langle 4, 1 \rangle = \langle 4, 6 \rangle - \langle 4, 1 \rangle = \langle 0, 5 \rangle$



41) Unit vector \vec{e}_v where $\vec{v} = \langle 3, 4 \rangle$

$$\vec{e}_v = \frac{\vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|} = \left\langle \frac{3}{\sqrt{3^2+4^2}}, \frac{4}{\sqrt{3^2+4^2}} \right\rangle = \left\langle \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right\rangle$$

47) Unit vector \vec{e} making an angle of $4\pi/7$ with x -axis

$$\vec{e} = \langle \cos(4\pi/7), \sin(4\pi/7) \rangle ?$$

?

$$12.2 \left(11, 13, 19, 25, 27, 31, 49, 51 \right)$$

11) Find the point P such that $\vec{w} = \vec{PR}$ has components $\langle 3, -2, 3 \rangle$ and sketch

$$\vec{P} = ?$$

$$\vec{R} = \langle 1, 4, 3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{w} = \vec{PR} = \langle 3, -2, 3 \rangle$$

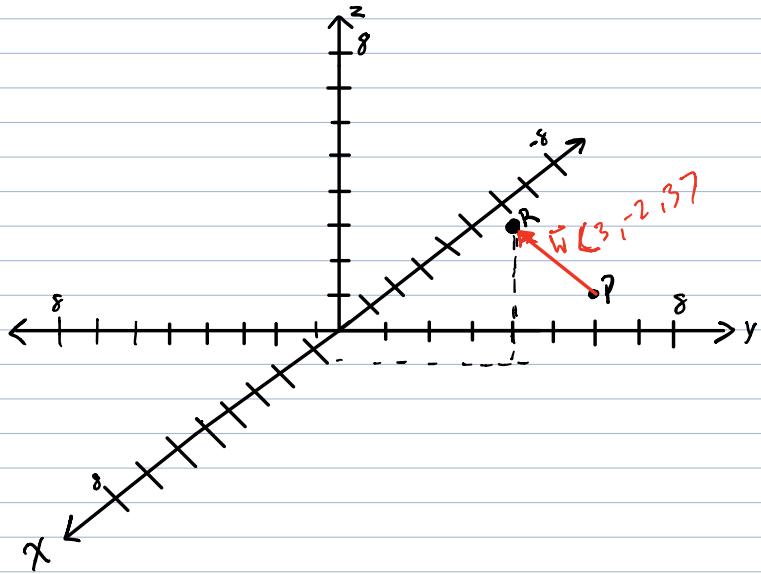
$$\vec{R} - \vec{P} = \vec{w}$$

$$\vec{R} - \vec{w} = \vec{P}$$

$$\langle 1, 4, 3 \rangle - \langle 3, -2, 3 \rangle = \vec{P}$$

$$\langle 1, 4, 3 \rangle + \langle -3, 2, -3 \rangle = \vec{P}$$

$$\langle -2, 6, 0 \rangle = \vec{P}$$



$$13) \vec{v} = \langle 4, 8, 12 \rangle$$

a) $\langle 2, 4, 6 \rangle$ parallel because has a scalar multiple $\lambda = 2$

$$19) -2\langle 8, 11, 3 \rangle + 4\langle 2, 1, 1 \rangle \\ \langle -16, -22, -6 \rangle + \langle 8, 4, 4 \rangle \\ \langle -8, -18, -2 \rangle$$

$$25) \vec{u} = \langle 4, 2, -6 \rangle, \vec{v} = \langle 2, -1, 3 \rangle \\ \text{NOT parallel}$$

$$27) \vec{u} = \langle -3, 1, 4 \rangle, \vec{v} = \langle 6, -2, 8 \rangle \\ \text{NOT parallel}$$

31) Unit vector in the direction opposite to $\vec{v} = \langle -4, 4, 2 \rangle$

$$\vec{e}_{v_{opp}} = \frac{-1}{\|\vec{v}\|} \cdot \vec{v} = -\left\langle \frac{-4}{6}, \frac{4}{6}, \frac{2}{6} \right\rangle$$

? 49) Find two different vector parametrizations of the line through $P = (-3, 1, 0)$ with direction vector $\vec{v} = \langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned} r_1(t) &= \overrightarrow{OP} + t\vec{v} \\ &= \langle -3, 1, 0 \rangle + t\langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle \\ &= \langle -3, 1, 0 \rangle + \langle 0, -2t, t \rangle \\ &= \langle -3, 1-2t, t \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} r_2(s) &= \overrightarrow{OP} + 2s\vec{v} \\ &= \langle -3, 1, 0 \rangle + 2s\langle 0, -2, 1 \rangle \\ &= \langle -3, 1, 0 \rangle + \langle 0, -4s, 2s \rangle \\ &= \langle -3, 1-4s, 2s \rangle \end{aligned}$$

51) Show that $r_1(t)$ and $r_2(s)$ don't intersect

$$\begin{aligned} r_1(t) &= \langle -1, 2, 2 \rangle + t\langle 4, -2, 1 \rangle \\ &= \langle -1, 2, 2 \rangle + \langle 4t, -2t, t \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} r_2(s) &= \langle 0, 1, 1 \rangle + s\langle 2, 0, 1 \rangle \\ &= \langle 0, 1, 1 \rangle + \langle 2s, 0, s \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$= \langle 4t-1, 2-2t, t+2 \rangle$$

$$= \langle 2s, 1, s+1 \rangle$$

$$x \text{ comp: } 4t-1 = 2s \Rightarrow s = \frac{4t-1}{2} = 0$$

$$y \text{ comp: } 2-2t = 1 \Rightarrow t = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$z \text{ comp: } t+2 = s+1 \Rightarrow s = t+2-1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

Because the system of equations has no solution, $r_1(t)$ and $r_2(s)$ do not intersect