

15.1

$$9. \iint (15-3x) dA \quad R=[0,5] \times [0,3]$$

$$\int_0^5 \int_0^3 (15-3x) dy dx = \int_0^5 15y - 3xy \Big|_0^3 = 15(3) - 3(3)x = \int_0^5 45 - 9x$$

$$\int_0^5 45 - 9x dx = 45x - \frac{9x^2}{2} \Big|_0^5 = 45(5) - \frac{9(5^2)}{2} = 112.5$$

$$15. \int_4^5 \int_0^4 x^3 dy dx = \int_4^5 x^3 y \Big|_0^4 = \int_4^5 5x^3$$

$$5 \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_4^5 = 5 \frac{4^4}{4} - 5 \frac{4^4}{4} = 0$$

$$21. \int_4^9 \int_{-3}^8 1 dx dy$$

$$x \Big|_{-3}^8 = 8 + 3 = 11$$

$$\int_4^9 11 dy = 11y \Big|_4^9 = 99 - 44 = 55$$

$$23. \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x^2 \sin y dy dx$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} x^2 \sin y dy = x^2 (-\cos y) \Big|_0^{\pi} = x^2 (-\cos \pi + \cos(0)) = x^2 (-1 + 1)$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 0 dx = 0$$

$$25. \int_2^6 \int_1^4 x^2 dx dy$$

$$\int_1^4 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_1^4 = \frac{4^3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{64}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{63}{3}$$

$$\int_2^6 \frac{63}{3} dy = \frac{63}{3} (y) \Big|_2^6 = \frac{63}{3} (6-2) = 84$$

$$31. \int_2^6 \int_0^4 \frac{dy dx}{x+y} = \int_2^6 \ln(x+y) \Big|_0^4 = \ln(x+4) - \ln(x)$$

$$\int_2^6 \ln(x+4) - \ln(x) dx = (x+4) \ln(x+4) - x(\ln x) \Big|_2^6 = 6 \ln 6 - 2 \ln 2 - 5 \ln 5$$

$$33. \int_0^4 \int_0^5 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+y}} dy dx$$

$$\int_0^4 (x+y)^{-1/2} dy = (x+y)^{1/2} \cdot 2 \Big|_0^5 = 2(5+x)^{1/2} - x^{1/2}$$

$$2 \int_0^4 (5+x)^{1/2} - x^{1/2} dx = 2 \left((5+x)^{3/2} \cdot \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3} \right) \Big|_0^4 = \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{19} - 5\sqrt{5})$$

$$35. \int_{-1}^2 \int_{-1}^3 \frac{\ln(xy)}{y} dy dx$$

$$\int_{-1}^3 \frac{\ln xy}{y} dy = \frac{2 \ln y \ln(x) + \ln(y^2)}{y} \Big|_{-1}^3 = \frac{2 \ln(3) \ln x + \ln(3^2)}{2}$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 \frac{2 \ln(3) \ln x + \ln(3^2)}{2} dx = \frac{1}{2} (2 \ln(3) x \ln x + \ln(3^2) \cdot x) \Big|_{-1}^2$$

$$= \frac{(2 \ln(3) \cdot 2 \ln 2 + \ln(3^2) \cdot 2) - (2 \ln 3 \ln 1 + \ln 3^2)}{2}$$

$$37. \int_{-2}^4 \int_1^3 \frac{x}{y} dy dx$$

$$\int_1^3 \frac{x}{y} dy = x \ln y \Big|_1^3 = x(\ln 3 - \ln 1)$$

$$\int_{-2}^4 x(\ln 3 - \ln 1) dx = \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_{-2}^4 = \frac{4^2}{2} - \frac{-2^2}{2} = 8 - 2 = 6(\ln 3)$$

$$41. \int_0^2 \int_0^{\pi/4} e^x \sin y dy dx$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/4} e^x \sin y dy = e^x (-\cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \pi) = \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1 \right) e^x$$

$$\int_0^2 e^x \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1 \right) dx = e^x \Big|_0^2 = e^2 - e^0 = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + 1 \right) (e^2 - 1)$$

15.2

$$3. \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1-x^2$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-x^2} xy \, dy \, dx = x \left. \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^{1-x^2} = \frac{x(1-x^2)}{2}$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x(1-x^2)}{2} \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1^2}{2} - \frac{1^4}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$x = \sqrt{1-y}$$

$$0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{1-y} \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y}} xy \, dx \, dy = y \left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_0^{\sqrt{1-y}} = \frac{y(1-y)}{2}$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{y(1-y)}{2} \, dy = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$5. \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 4 - \frac{1}{2}x \quad y = 4 - \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$\int_0^4 \int_0^{4-\frac{1}{2}x} x^2 y \, dy \, dx \quad y-4 = -\frac{1}{2}x$$

$$\int_0^4 x^2 y \, dy = x^2 \left. \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^{4-\frac{1}{2}x} = x^2 \frac{(4-\frac{1}{2}x)^2}{2} = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2} + 16 \cdot x^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 \left(\frac{x}{2} - x^2 + 16 \cdot x^2 \right) \, dx = \left. \frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{x^3}{5} + \frac{16x^3}{3} \right|_0^4 = \frac{4^2}{16} - \frac{4^3}{5} + \frac{16(4^3)}{3} = 38.4$$

$$6. \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4 \quad 0 \leq y \leq \frac{x}{2}$$

$$\int_0^4 \int_0^{\frac{x}{2}} x^2 y \, dy \, dx = x^2 \left. \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^{\frac{x}{2}} = x^2 \cdot \frac{x}{8} = \frac{x^3}{8}$$

$$\int_0^4 \frac{x^3}{8} \, dx = \left. \frac{x^4}{32} \right|_0^4 = \frac{4^4}{32} = 8$$

$$7. \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2 \quad 0 \leq x \leq y \quad y = 0 + x$$

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^y x^2 y \, dx \, dy = \frac{x^3}{3} y \Big|_0^y = \frac{y^4}{3}$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{y^4}{3} \, dy = \left. \frac{y^5}{12} \right|_0^2 = \frac{2^5}{12} - 0 = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$11. \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2 \quad 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \frac{y}{x} dy dx = \frac{y^2}{2x} \Big|_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} = \left(\frac{4-x^2}{2x} \right)$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{4-x^2}{2x} dx = 2 \ln x - \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^2 = (2 \ln 2 - \frac{4}{2}) = 2(\ln 2 - 1)$$

$$19. \quad \int_0^1 \int_1^e x dy dx = xy \Big|_1^e = xe^{x^2} - x$$

$$\int_0^1 xe^{x^2} - x dx = \frac{1}{2} e^{x^2} - \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2}(1)e^1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(e - 1)$$

$$21. \quad \int_{1/2}^{\pi/2} \int_1^{2x} 2xy dy dx = 2x \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_1^{2x} = 2x \frac{4x^2}{2} = 4x^3$$

$$\int_{1/2}^{\pi/2} 4x^3 dx = x^4 \Big|_{1/2}^{\pi/2} = \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)^4 - \frac{1}{16}$$

$$25. \quad x \leq y \leq 4 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4$$

$$0 \leq y \leq 4 \quad y \leq x \leq 4$$

$$\int_0^4 \int_0^y f(x,y) dx dy$$

$$31. \quad f(x,y) = (\ln y)^{-1}$$

$$1 \leq y \leq e \quad \ln^2 y \leq x \leq \ln y$$

$$\int_1^e \int_{\ln^2 y}^{\ln y} (\ln y)^{-1} dx dy$$

$$\int_1^e \ln^2 y = e - 2$$

$$33. \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1 \quad y \leq x \leq 1$$

$$0 \leq y \leq x \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^x \frac{\sin x}{x} dy dx = \frac{1}{x} (-\cos x + \cos(0)) = \frac{1}{x} (-\cos x + 1)$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} (-\cos x + 1)$$

$$35. \int_0^1 \int_{y=x}^1 x e^{y^3} dy dx = \int_0^1 \int_0^y x e^{y^3} dx dy$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} e^{y^3} \Big|_0^y = \frac{y^2}{2} e^{y^3}$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{y^2}{2} e^{y^3} dy = \frac{e-1}{6}$$

$$37. \int_{-1}^2 \int_{-1}^2 e^{x+y} dx dy = 1e^{x+y}$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 e^{x+y} dy = e^4 - 3e^2 + 2e$$

$$43. 1 \leq y \leq 2 \quad y \leq x \leq 1$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 \int_y^1 \frac{\sin y}{y} dx dy = \frac{1}{y} (-\cos 1 + \cos y) = \frac{1}{y} (-\cos 1 + \cos y)$$

$$\int_{-1}^2 \frac{1}{y} (-\cos 1 + \cos y) dy = \cos 1 - \cos 2$$

$$49. \iint_R (x^2 + y^2)^2 - (8x^2 - y^2)^2 dA$$