

# 14.8

5)

$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2, \quad 2x + 3y = 6$$

$$\nabla f = \langle 2x, 2y \rangle \quad \nabla g = \langle 2, 3 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x &= \lambda 2 \\ x &= \lambda \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2y &= \lambda 3 \\ \lambda &= \frac{2y}{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$2\lambda + 2\lambda = 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2\cancel{\lambda} + 2\cancel{\lambda} &= 6 \\ \lambda &= 3/2 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 3/2$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$7) f(x,y) = xy$$

$$4x^2 + 9y^2 = 32$$

$$\nabla f = \langle y, x \rangle \quad \nabla g = \langle 8x, 18y \rangle$$

$$y = \lambda 8x$$

$$y = \lambda 8(\lambda 18y)$$

$$x = \lambda 18y$$

$$= \lambda 18 \lambda 8 x$$

$$y=0$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda 18} = \lambda 18 y$$

$$\frac{1}{8 \times 18} = \lambda^2$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{3 \times 4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$9) f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$g = x^4 + y^4 = 1$$

$$\nabla f = \langle 2x, 2y \rangle$$

$$\nabla g = \langle 4x^3, 4y^3 \rangle$$

$$\cancel{\lambda} x = \lambda (\cancel{\lambda} x^2)^2$$

$$1 = \lambda (2y^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= \lambda x^2 \\ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 &= x^4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2\lambda}\right)^2 = y^4$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \cdot 4 \lambda^2} = 1$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \lambda}$$

$$n^2 = \frac{1}{2\lambda} \\ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$n^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$n = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

$$y^2 = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$$

$$y = 4\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\text{II) } f(x, y, z) = 3x + 2y + 4z$$

$$\nabla f = \langle 3, 2, 4 \rangle$$

$$g = x^2 + 2y^2 + 6z^2 = 1$$

$$\nabla g = \langle 2x, 4y, 12z \rangle$$

$$n = \frac{3}{2\lambda} \quad y = \frac{1}{2\lambda} \quad z = \frac{1}{3\lambda}$$

$$\frac{9}{4\lambda^2} + \frac{1}{2\lambda^2} + \frac{g^2}{3\lambda^2} = 1$$

$$27 + 6 + 8 = 12\lambda^2$$

$$\lambda = 1.8 \Delta 8$$

$$n = 1.103$$

$$y = 2.719$$

$$z = 0.1803$$

$$B) f(x, y, z) = xy + 2z$$

$$\nabla f = \langle y, x, 2 \rangle \quad \langle 2x, 2y, 2z \rangle$$

$$2x = \lambda y \quad x = 2\lambda y \quad z = \lambda z$$

$$z = \frac{1}{\lambda}$$

$$2 + \frac{1}{\lambda^2} = 36$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda^2} = 34$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{34}} = \lambda$$

(S)

$$\nabla f \langle y+z, x, x \rangle$$

$$\langle 2x, 2y, 2z \rangle$$

$$n = \frac{y+z}{2\lambda}$$

$$n = \lambda 2y$$

$$n = \lambda 2z$$

$$y = z$$

$$n = \frac{xy}{2\lambda}$$

$$\frac{n}{\lambda^2} 2$$

$$n = 1$$

$$1 + 2y^2 = 4$$

$$1 + 2 \left( \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\lambda^2}} \right) = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda^2} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda^2} = 1$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}$$