

14.6:

1) (a) $f_x(x, y, z) = 2xy^3$, $f_y(x, y, z) = 3y^2x^2$, $f_z(x, y, z) = \boxed{4z^3}$

(b) $\frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = 2s$, $\frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = t^2$, $\frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = \boxed{2st}$

(c) $\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = (2xy^3)(2s) + (3y^2x^2)(t^2) + (4z^3)(2st)$
 $= 4sxy^3 + 3ty^2x^2 + 8stz^3 = \boxed{7s^6t^6 + 8s^2t^4}$

3) $f_x(x, y, z) = y$, $f_y(x, y, z) = x$, $f_z(x, y, z) = 2z$

$\frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = 2s$, $\frac{\partial y}{\partial s} = 2r$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 0$

$4r^2 + 2r^2 = \boxed{6r^2}$

$\frac{\partial x}{\partial r} = 0$, $\frac{\partial y}{\partial r} = 2s$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial r} = 2r$

$\uparrow \boxed{2s^3 + 4r^3}$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = (y)(2s) + (x)(2r) + (2z)(0) = 2sy + 2rx$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial r} = (y)(0) + (x)(2s) + (2z)(2r) = 2sx + 4rz$

5) $g_x(x, y) = -\sin(x-y)$ (1) $g_y(x, y) = -\sin(x-y)$ (-1)

$\frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = 3$, $\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = -7$, $\frac{\partial x}{\partial v} = -5$, $\frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 15$

$\frac{\partial g}{\partial u} = (-\sin(x-y))(3) + (\sin(x-y))(-7) = -10\sin(x-y)$

$\frac{\partial g}{\partial v} = (-\sin(x-y))(-5) + (\sin(x-y))(15) = 20\sin(x-y)$

$\frac{\partial g}{\partial u} = -10\sin(x-y) = -10\sin((3u-5v) - (-7u+15v))$
 $= \boxed{-10\sin(10u-20v)}$

$\frac{\partial g}{\partial v} = 20\sin(x-y) = -10\sin((3u-5v) - (-7u+15v))$
 $= \boxed{20\sin(10u-20v)}$

$$7) F_u(u, v) = e^{u+v} \quad F_v(u, v) = e^{u+v}$$

~~$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial u} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial F}{\partial v} = 0$$~~

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2x \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} = y \quad \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = x$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = (e^{u+v}) \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) + (e^{u+v}) \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) = x e^{u+v}$$

$$= \boxed{x e^{x^2 + xy}}$$

$$15) g_x(x, y) = 2x \quad g_y(x, y) = -2y \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = e^u \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = \sin u e^u$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} = e^u \cos u$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial u} = (2x) \left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial u} \right) + (-2y) \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial u} \right) = 2e^{2u} \cos u - 2e^{2u} \sin^2 u$$

$$\text{@ } (u, v) = (0, 1), \quad \frac{\partial g}{\partial u} = \boxed{2(\cos(1) - 2\sin^2(1)) \approx 1.999}$$

$$17) \begin{array}{l} \nearrow 18 \\ \frac{dy}{dt} \\ \frac{dx}{dt} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \nearrow 20 \\ \frac{dx}{dt} \end{array} \begin{array}{l} \text{first base} \\ x = -20t, \quad y = -18t \end{array}$$

$$d^2 = (y)^2 + (x)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = -20 \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} = -18$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 2x \quad f_y(x, y) = 2y$$

$$\frac{\partial d}{\partial t} = (2x)(-20) + (2y)(-18) = -40x - 36y$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial d}{\partial t} \right|_{(8, 6)} = -40(8) - 36(6) = \boxed{-536}$$

I don't think it's correct

I do not know how to solve this question...

$$23) \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = 1 \quad \frac{\partial s}{\partial s} = 1 \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} = 1 \quad \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(1) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s}(1) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(1) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s}(-1)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} - \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \right)^2 \quad \therefore$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \right)^2$$

$$27) \Delta (2xz + x^2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}) + (2z \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + z^2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}) + (x^2 + 2xz \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}) = 100$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} (x^2 + 2xz) + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} (z^2 + 2xz) + (2xz + z^2) = 100$$

$$= \frac{-2xz + z^2}{z^2 + 2xz}$$

$$2a) \Delta \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} + 2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$$

$$e^{xz} \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} x + z \right) + \cos(xz) \left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} x + z \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} \right) + 1 = 0$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} x + z \right) (e^{xz} + \cos(xz)) = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{-1}{x(e^{xz} + \cos(xz))} - \frac{z}{e^{xz} + \cos(xz)}$$

$$\cos(xz) \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = -1 - \cos(xz) \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} x - e^{xz} \frac{\partial z}{\partial s} x$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = \frac{-1}{x \cos(xz)}$$

$$31) (w^2 + x^2)^{-1} + (w^2 + y^2)^{-1} = 1$$

$$-(w^2 + x^2)^{-2} (2w \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + \frac{0}{\partial x}) - (w^2 + y^2)^{-2} (2w \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} + 2y) = 0$$

$$-2w \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} (w^2 + x^2)^{-2} - 2w \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} (w^2 + y^2)^{-2} - 2y (w^2 + y^2)^{-2} = 0$$

$$-4w \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} (w^2 + x^2)^{-2} - (w^2 + y^2)^{-2} = 2y (w^2 + y^2)^{-2}$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial y} = - \frac{2y (w^2 + y^2)^{-2}}{2w (w^2 + x^2)^{-2} - (w^2 + y^2)^{-2}}$$

$$@ (1, 1, 1), \left. \frac{\partial w}{\partial y} \right|_{(x, y, w)} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

14.7:

$$1) (a) f_x(x, y) = 2x - 4y \quad f_y(x, y) = 4y^3 - 4x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 \quad f_{xy} = -4 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = 12y^2$$

$$2x - 4y = 0$$

$$4y^3 - 4x = 0$$

$$4(-2)^3 = 4x$$

$$4x - 4y = 0$$

$$4y^3 = 4x$$

$$4x = -32$$

$$4y^3 - 4y = 0$$

$$4(0)^3 = 4x$$

$$x = -8$$

$$4y(y^2 - 2) = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$4(2)^3 = 4x$$

$$x = 8$$

$$y = 0, y = -2, y = 2$$

$$(0, 0), (-2, -8), (2, 8)$$

$$(0, 0)$$

$$(-2, -8)$$

$$(2, 8)$$

$$D = 2 \left(\frac{12(0)^2}{12(0)^2} \right) - \left(\frac{-4}{-4} \right)^2$$

$$D = 2 \left(\frac{-4}{12(-2)^2} \right) - (-4)^2$$

$$D = 2(12(2)^2) - (4)^2$$

$$D = -16$$

$$= 48 - 16$$

$$= 48 - 16 = 32$$

saddle point

local minimum

local minimum

$$3) f_x(x, y) = 2x + y \quad f_y(x, y) = 32y^3 + x - 6y - 3y^2$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = 96y^2 - 6 - 6y \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = 1$$

$$2x + y = 0$$

$$32y^3 + x - 6y - 3y^2 = 0$$

$$2x = -y$$

$$32y^3 - \frac{1}{2}y - 6y - 3y^2 = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{y}{2}$$

$$y(32y^2 - \frac{13}{2} - 3y) = 0$$

$$x = 0, x = \frac{13}{64},$$

$$y = 0, y = -0.406, y = 0.5$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$-\frac{13}{32} \quad \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(0, 0) \left(\frac{13}{64}, -\frac{13}{32}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

↓

Saddle point $(0, 0)$ Local Minimum $\left(\frac{13}{64}, -\frac{13}{32}\right)$ and $\left(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$

$$5) f_x(x, y) = y^2 - 2yz + y \quad f_y(x, y) = 2xz - x^2 + x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -2y \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = 2z - 2x + 1 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = 2x$$

$$y^2 - 2yz + y = 0$$

$$2xz - x^2 + x = 0$$

$$y = \frac{0 - 1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right)x + \left(\frac{x-1}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$2xz = x^2 - x$$

$$z = \frac{x-1}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{-\frac{5}{3} - 1}{2} = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{4} - \frac{x(x-1)}{2} + \frac{x-1}{2}$$

$$(0, -\frac{1}{2}) \quad \left(-\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(x-1)^2 - (x^2 - x) + \frac{1}{2}(x-1) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(x^2 - 2x + 1) - 4x^2 - x + \frac{1}{2}(x-1) = 0$$

$$-3x^2 - 5x = 0$$

$$x(-3x - 5) = 0$$

$$x = 0, x = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$a) -\frac{1}{2}(-\frac{1}{2} - 2(0) + 1) = 0$$

$$0(used) = 0$$

$$b) \text{ critical at } (0, -\frac{1}{2}), \left(-\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

$$c) (0, -\frac{1}{2}) \text{ saddle}$$

$$\left(-\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{4}{3}\right) \text{ saddle.}$$

$$7) f_x(x, y) = 2x - y + 1 \quad f_y(x, y) = 2y - x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = 1 \quad f_{xy} = -1$$

$$2x - y + 1 = 0 \quad 2y - x = 0 \quad D = 2 \cdot 1 - (-1)^2 = 1$$

$$4y - y + 1 = 0 \quad \leftarrow 2y = x$$

$$3y = -1 \quad 2\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) = x$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{3} \quad x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right) \rightarrow$ local minimum

$$11) f_x(x, y) = 4 - 9x^2 - 2y^2 \quad f_y(x, y) = -4xy$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -18x \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -4x \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = -4y$$

$$4 - 9x^2 - 2y^2 = 0 \quad -4xy = 0$$

$$4 - 2y^2 = 0 \quad x = \frac{0}{-4y} = 0 \quad D = 0(4\sqrt{2}) - (\sqrt{2})^2 = -32$$

$$y = -1.41, y = 1.41 \quad -4x\sqrt{2} = 0$$

$$-\sqrt{2} \quad \sqrt{2}$$

$(0, -\sqrt{2}) (0, \sqrt{2}) \rightarrow$ saddle point

$$4 - 9x^2 = 0 \quad -4\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)y = 0 \quad D = \left(-18\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right)\left(-4\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\right) - 0$$

$$-9x^2 = -4 \quad y = 0 \quad D = 32$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = \pm \frac{2}{3}$$

$\left(\frac{2}{3}, 0\right) \rightarrow$ local maximum
 $\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 0\right) \rightarrow$ local minimum

$$13) f_x(x, y) = 4x^3 - 4y \quad f_y(x, y) = 4y^3 - 4x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 12x^2 \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = 12y^2 \quad f_{xy} = -4$$

$$4x^3 - 4y = 0 \quad 4y^3 - 4x = 0 \quad (0, 0) \quad (1, 1) \quad (-1, -1)$$

$$(0, 0): D = 12(0)^2 \cdot 12(0)^2 - (-4)^2 = -16$$

$(0, 0) \rightarrow$ Saddle Point

$$(1, 1): D = 12(1)^2 \cdot 12(1)^2 - (-4)^2 = 128$$

$(1, 1) \rightarrow$ Local Minimum

$$f_{xx}(1, 1) = 12(1)^2 = 12$$

$$(-1, -1): D = 12(-1)^2 \cdot 12(-1)^2 - (-4)^2 = 128$$

$(-1, -1) \rightarrow$ Local Minimum

$$f_{xx}(-1, -1) = 12(-1)^2 = 12$$

$$19) f_x(x, y) = x^{-1} - 1 \quad f_y(x, y) = 2y^{-1} - 4$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -x^{-2} \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -2y^{-2} \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = 0$$

$$x^{-1} - 1 = 0 \quad 2y^{-1} - 4 = 0$$

$$x = 1 \quad y = \frac{1}{2} \quad (1, \frac{1}{2})$$

$$(1, \frac{1}{2}): D = (-1)^2 \cdot (-2(\frac{1}{2})^{-2}) - 0^2 = 8$$

$$f_{xx}(1, \frac{1}{2}) = -1 \quad (1, \frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow \text{Local Maximum}$$

$$21) f_x(x, y) = 1 - (x+y)^{-1} \quad f_y = -2y - (x+y)^{-1}$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = (x+y)^{-2} \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -2 + (x+y)^{-2} \quad f_{xy} = (x+y)^{-2}$$

$$1 - (x+y)^{-1} = 0 \quad -2y - (x+y)^{-1} = 0$$

$$1 = (x+y)^{-1} \quad -2y - (1)^{-1} = 0$$

$$(x+y)^{-1} = 1$$

$$-2y = 1$$

$$D = (\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2})^{-2} (-2 + (\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2})^{-2})$$

$$x = 1 - y$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 1 - (-\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$= -2$$

$$- \left(\left(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right)^{-2} \right)^2$$

$(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}) \rightarrow$ Saddle Point

$$23) f_x(x, y) = e^{y-x^2} + (x+3y)e^{y-x^2}(-2x)$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 3e^{y-x^2} + (x+3y)e^{y-x^2}$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = \cancel{2x}e^{y-x^2} - 2x^2e^{y-x^2}$$

$$4e^{y-x^2}x^3 + 12e^{y-x^2}yx^2 - 6e^{y-x^2}x - 6e^{y-x^2}y$$

I don't know how to solve this problem.

$$29) f(0,0) = 0 \quad f(1,0) = 1$$

$$f(0,1) = 1 \quad f(1,1) = 2$$

Maximum value 2 at (1,1)

Minimum value 0 at (0,0)

$$35) f(0,0) = 0$$

$$f(0,2) = 0 + 2 - 0 - 4 - 0 = -2$$

$$f(2,0) = 2 + 0 - 4 - 0 - 0 = -2$$

$f(x,y)$ smaller
when x and y larger

$$x+y - x^2 - y^2 - xy$$

$$-(x^2 + xy + y^2) + (x+y)$$

Max at (0,0)?