

14. b

1. $f(x, y, z) = x^2y^3 + z^4$, $x = s^2$, $y = st^2$, $z = s^2t$

(a). $\frac{df}{dx} = 2xy^3$, $\frac{df}{dy} = 3x^2y^2$, $\frac{df}{dz} = 4z^3$

(b). $\frac{dx}{ds} = 2s$, $\frac{dy}{ds} = t^2$, $\frac{dz}{ds} = 2st$

(c).
$$\frac{df}{ds} = \frac{df}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{ds} + \frac{df}{dy} \cdot \frac{dy}{ds} + \frac{df}{dz} \cdot \frac{dz}{ds}$$

$$= 2xy^3 \cdot 2s + 3x^2y^2 \cdot t^2 + 4z^3 \cdot 2st$$

$$= 4xy^3s + 3x^2y^2t^2 + 8z^3st$$

$$= 7s^6t^6 + 8s^7t^4$$

3. $f(x, y, z) = xy + z^2$, $x = s^2$, $y = 2rs$, $z = r^2$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = y, \quad \frac{df}{dy} = x, \quad \frac{df}{dz} = 2z$$

$$\frac{dx}{ds} = 2s, \quad \frac{dy}{ds} = 2r, \quad \frac{dz}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{dx}{dr} = 0, \quad \frac{dy}{dr} = 2s, \quad \frac{dz}{dr} = 2r$$

$$\frac{df}{ds} = 2ys + 2xr$$

$$= 6rs^2$$

$$\frac{df}{dzdr} = 2xs + 4zr$$

$$= 2s^3 + 4r^3$$

5. $g(x, y) = \cos(x - y)$, $x = 3u - 5v$, $y = -7u + 15v$

$$\frac{dg}{dx} = -\sin(x - y), \quad \frac{dg}{dy} = \sin(y - x)$$

$$\frac{dx}{du} = 3, \quad \frac{dy}{du} = -7, \quad \frac{dx}{dv} = -5, \quad \frac{dy}{dv} = 15$$

$$\frac{dg}{du} = -3\sin(x - y) + 7\sin(y - x)$$

$$= -10\sin(10u - 20v)$$

$$\frac{dg}{dv} = 5\sin(x - y) - 15\sin(y - x)$$

$$= 20\sin(10u - 20v)$$



$$7. F(u, v) = e^{u+v}, u = x^2, v = xy$$

$$\frac{dF}{du} = e^{u+v}, \frac{dF}{dv} = e^{u+v}, \frac{du}{dx} = 2x, \frac{dv}{dx} = y, \frac{du}{dy} = 0, \frac{dv}{dy} = x$$

$$\frac{dF}{dx} = xe^{u+v} = xe^{x^2+xy}$$

$$15. g(x, y) = x^2 - y^2, x = e^u \cos v, y = e^u \sin v$$

$$\frac{dg}{dx} = 2x - y^2, \frac{dg}{dy} = x^2 - 2y, \frac{dx}{du} = e^u \cos v, \frac{dy}{du} = e^u \sin v$$

$$\frac{dg}{du} = (2x - y^2)e^u \cos v + (x^2 - 2y)e^u \sin v$$

$$\frac{dg}{du} \Big|_{(0,1)} = 2 \cos 2$$

17.

$$23. x = s + t, y = s - t$$

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{df}{ds} = 1, \frac{df}{dt} = s + 1, \frac{dy}{ds} = 1 - t, \frac{dy}{dt} = s - 1$$

$$27. x^2y + y^2z + xz^2 = 0$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} 2xy + \frac{dz}{dx} y^2 + z^2 + \frac{dz}{dx} 2xz$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = -\frac{2xy + z^2}{2xz + y^2}$$

$$29. e^{xy} + \sin(xz) + y = 0$$

$$xe^{xy} + x \cos(xz) \frac{dz}{dy} + 1$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = -\frac{xe^{xy}}{x \cos(xz)}$$

$$31. \frac{1}{w^2 + x^2} + \frac{1}{w^2 + y^2} = 1$$

$$\frac{dw}{dy} = \frac{-y(w^2 + x^2)^2}{w((w^2 + x^2)^2 + (w^2 + y^2)^2)}$$

$$\text{at } (1, 1, 1)$$

$$\frac{dw}{dy} = -\frac{1}{2}$$



14.7

1. $f(x, y) = x^2 + y^4 - 4xy$

(a) $f_x(x, y) = 2x - 4y$

$f_x(a, b) = 2a - 4b$

$2a - 4b = 0$

$a = 2b$

$f_y(x, y) = 4y^3 - 4x$

$f_y(a, b) = 4b^3 - 4a$

$y^3 = x$

$P = (0, 0), (2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) \text{ or } (-2\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2})$

(b) $f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 - 4y, f_{xy}(x, y) = 2x - 4, f_{yy}(x, y) = 12y^2$

$D(0, 0) = -16 < 0$ saddle point

$D(2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) > 0, f_{xx}(2\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2}) > 0$ local mini

$D(-2\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}) > 0, f_{xx}(-2\sqrt{2}, -\sqrt{2}) > 0$ local mini

3. $f(x, y) = 8y^4 + x^2 + xy - 3y^2 - y^3$

$f_x(x, y) = 2x + y$

$f_y(x, y) = 32y^3 + x - 6y - 3y^2$

$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2 + y, f_{xy}(x, y) = 2x + 1, f_{yy}(x, y) = 96y^2 + x - 6 - 6y$

$2x + y = 0, 32y^3 + x - 6y - 3y^2 = 0$

$y = -2x$

$x = 0, \frac{13}{64} \text{ or } -\frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow y = 0, -\frac{13}{32} \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}$

$(0, 0)$ is saddle point, $(\frac{13}{64}, -\frac{13}{32})$ and $(-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2})$ are local mini

5. $f(x, y) = y^2x - yx^2 + xy$

$f_x(x, y) = y^2 - 2yx + y, f_y(x, y) = 2yx - x^2 + x$

$f_x(x, y) = 0 \Rightarrow y(y - 2x + 1) = 0, f_y(x, y) = 0 \Rightarrow x(2y - x + 1) = 0$

$(0, 0), (1, 0), (0, 1)$ and $(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3})$

$D(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}) > 0, f_{xx}(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}) > 0$

$(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3})$ is local mini

$(0, 0), (1, 0),$ and $(0, 1)$ are saddle point.



$$7. f(x, y) = x^2 + y^2 - xy + x$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 2x - y + 1$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 2y - x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 2, f_{xy}(x, y) = -1, f_{yy}(x, y) = 2$$

$$2x - y + 1 = 0, 2y - x = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{2}{3}, y = (-\frac{1}{3})$$

$$D = 4 - (-1)^2 = 3 > 0 \quad f_{xx} > 0 \quad (-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}) \text{ is local mini}$$

$$11. f(x, y) = 4x - 3x^2 - 2xy^2$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 4 - 6x - 2y^2$$

$$f_y(x, y) = 4xy$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -6, f_{xy} = -4y, f_{yy}(x, y) = 4x$$

$$4 - 6x - 2y^2 = 0, 4xy = 0$$

$$x = 0, \frac{2}{3} \text{ or } -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{when } x=0, y = \pm\sqrt{2}, x = \frac{2}{3}, y=0, x = -\frac{2}{3}, y=0$$

$$D_{(0, \pm\sqrt{2})} < 0 \quad (0, \pm\sqrt{2}) \text{ is saddle point}$$

$$D_{(\frac{2}{3}, 0)} > 0 \quad f_{xx}(\frac{2}{3}, 0) < 0 \quad (\frac{2}{3}, 0) \text{ is max point}$$

$$D_{(-\frac{2}{3}, 0)} > 0 \quad f_{xx}(-\frac{2}{3}, 0) > 0 \quad (-\frac{2}{3}, 0) \text{ is min point}$$

$$13. f(x, y) = x^4 + y^4 - 4xy$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 4x^3 + y^4 - 4y, f_y(x, y) = x^4 + 4y^3 - 4x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = 12x^2, f_{xy}(x, y) = 4y^3 - 4, f_{yy}(x, y) = 12y^2$$

$$4x^3 + y^4 - 4y = 0, x^4 + 4y^3 - 4x = 0$$

$$x = 0, 1, \text{ or } -1 \Rightarrow y = 0, 1, \text{ or } -1$$

$$D_{(0, 0)} < 0 \text{ is saddle point}$$

$$D_{(1, 1)} > 0 \quad f_{xx}(1, 1) > 0 \quad \text{local mini}$$

$$D_{(-1, -1)} > 0 \quad f_{xx}(-1, -1) > 0 \quad \text{local mini}$$



$$19. f(x, y) = \ln x + 2 \ln y - x - 4y$$

$$f_x(x, y) = \frac{1}{x} - 1, \quad f_y(x, y) = \frac{2}{y} - 4$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -\frac{1}{x^2}, \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = 0, \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -\frac{2}{y^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - 1 = 0, \quad \frac{2}{y} - 4 = 0$$

$$x = 1, \quad y = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$D(1, \frac{1}{2}) > 0, \quad f_{xx}(1, \frac{1}{2}) < 0 \quad \text{local max}$$

$$21. f(x, y) = x - y^2 - \ln(x+y)$$

$$f_x = 1 - \frac{1}{x+y}, \quad f_y = -2y - \frac{1}{x+y}$$

$$f_{xx} = \frac{1}{(x+y)^2}, \quad f_{yy} = \frac{1}{(x+y)^2}, \quad f_{xy} = -2 + \frac{1}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{x+y} = 0, \quad -2y - \frac{1}{x+y} = 0$$

$$x = \frac{3}{2}, \quad y = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$D(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}) < 0 \quad \text{is saddle point}$$

$$23. f(x, y) = (x+3y)e^{y-x^2}$$

$$f_x(x, y) = -(2x^2 + 6xy - 1)e^{y-x^2}, \quad f_y(x, y) = (3y + x + 3)e^{y-x^2}$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = (2x^3 + 6yx^2 - 3x - 3y)e^{y-x^2}, \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = -e^{-x^2}(6xy + 2x^2 + 6x - 1)e^y$$

$$f_{yy}(x, y) = (3y + x + 6)e^{y-x^2}$$

$$-(2x^2 + 6xy - 1)e^{y-x^2} = 0, \quad (3y + x + 3)e^{y-x^2} = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{6}, \quad y = -\frac{17}{18}$$

$$D(-\frac{1}{6}, -\frac{17}{18}) > 0, \quad f_{xx} > 0 \quad \text{is local min}$$

$$35. f(x, y) = x + y - x^2 - y^2 - xy$$

$$f_x(x, y) = 1 - 2x - y, \quad f_y(x, y) = 1 - 2y - x$$

$$f_{xx}(x, y) = -2, \quad f_{xy}(x, y) = -1, \quad f_{yy}(x, y) = -2$$

$$1 - 2x - y = 0, \quad 1 - 2y - x = 0$$

$$x =$$

