

① $f(x,y) = \sqrt{1+9xy}$
 $y = x^3$ $0 \leq x \leq 1$

$ds = \sqrt{\dots}$
 $x = t$
 $y = t^3$
 $x' = 1$
 $y' = 3t^2$

$= \int_0^1 \sqrt{1+9x^4} dx$

② $x = t$ $x' = 1$
 $y = t^3$ $y' = 3t^2$

$f(x,y) = \sqrt{1+9(t^4)}$

$ds = \sqrt{(1)^2 + (3t^2)^2}$
 $= \sqrt{1+9t^4}$

$\int_0^1 \sqrt{1+9t^4} (\sqrt{1+9t^4}) dt$

$\sqrt{1+9t^4} = du$

$\int_0^1 (1+9t^4) dt$

$2\sqrt{\dots}$

$\int_0^1 (1+9t^4) dt$

$t + \frac{9t^5}{5} \Big|_0^1$

$1 + \frac{9}{5}$

$= 14.8$

$\frac{14.8}{5}$

2.8

$$(1) f(x, y, z) = z^2$$

$$\underline{r(t) = (2t, 3t, 4t) \text{ for } 0 \leq t \leq 2}$$

$$f(x(t), y(t), z(t)) = \underline{16t^2}$$

$$ds = \sqrt{29}$$

$$\int_0^2 16t^2 \sqrt{29}$$

$$\left. \sqrt{29}(16) \left(\frac{t^3}{3} \right) \right|_0^2$$

$$\boxed{\sqrt{29}(16) \left(\frac{8}{3} \right)}$$

$$ds = \sqrt{(2t)^2 + (3t)^2 + (4t)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(2)^2 + (3)^2 + (4)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4 + 9 + 16}$$

$$= \sqrt{13 + 16}$$

$$= \sqrt{29}$$

Homework:

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$$f(x, y, z) = xe^{z^2}$$

$$I. (0, 0, 1) \text{ to } (0, 2, 0)$$

$$\langle P, Q, R \rangle = (0, 2, -1)t + (0, 0, 1)$$

$$\langle 0, 2t, 1-t \rangle = \langle P, Q, R \rangle$$

$$x(t) = 0 \quad dx = 0$$

$$y(t) = 2t \quad dy = 2 dt$$

$$z(t) = 1-t \quad dz = -1 dt$$

$$\int_0^1 P dx + Q dy + R dz$$

$$= \int_0^1 0 \cdot 0 + 2t(2) + (1-t)(-1) dt$$

$$\int_0^1 0 e^{\dots} = \underline{\underline{0}}$$

II. $(0, 2, 0)$ to $(1, 1, 1)$

$$\langle 1, -1, 1 \rangle t + (0, 2, 0)$$

$$\langle 1t, 2-t, t \rangle$$

$$x(t) = t$$

$$y(t) = 2-t$$

$$z(t) = t$$

$$ds = \sqrt{x'(t)^2 + y'(t)^2 + z'(t)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{(1)^2 + (-1)^2 + (1)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{3} dt$$

$$\int_0^1 t e^{t^2} (\sqrt{3}) dt$$

$$t^2 = u$$

$$2t dt = du$$

$$t dt = \frac{1}{2} du$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \int e^u du$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} e^u \Big|_0^1$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (e^1 - e^0)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (e^1 - 1)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (e^1 - 1)}$$

$$(7) \int_C 1 \, ds \quad r(t) = (4t, -3t, 12t) \quad [2 \leq t \leq 5]$$

$$x(t) = 4t \quad dx = 4 \, dt$$

$$y(t) = -3t \quad dy = -3 \, dt$$

$$z(t) = 12t \quad dz = 12 \, dt$$

$$ds = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (-3)^2 + (12)^2}$$

$$13 \int_2^5 dt$$

2

$$= \sqrt{16 + 9 + 144}$$

$$= \sqrt{169}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{13}}$$

$$13t \Big|_2^5$$

$$= 13(3)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{39}}$$

$$(8) \int_C y \, dx - x \, dy \quad \text{parabola } y = x^2 \quad [0 \leq x \leq 2]$$

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$$\int_0^2 (t^2) \, dt - (t)(2t) \, dt$$

$$\boxed{x = t}$$

$$\boxed{y = t^2}$$

$$\cancel{t^2 = t}$$

$$\cancel{t^2 - t = 0}$$

$$dx = dt$$

$$dy = 2t \, dt$$

$$\cancel{t(t-1) = 0}$$

$$\int_0^2 t^2 - 2t^2 \, dt$$

$$\int_0^2 -t^2 \, dt$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} -t^3 \\ \hline 3 \end{array} \right|_0^2$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-8}{3}}$$

(29) $\int (x-y) dx + (y-z) dy + z dz$ $(0,0,0)$ to $(1,4,4)$

$$\langle 1, 4, 4 \rangle t + \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$s(t) = \langle 1t, 4t, 4t \rangle$$

$$x(t) = t \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x'(t) = \\ y'(t) = \\ z'(t) = \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} dx = 1 \\ dy = 4 \\ dz = 4 \end{matrix}$$

$$\int (-3t) 1 + (0) dy + (4t)(4)$$

$$= \int (-3t) 16t - 3t$$

$$\int_0^1 13t$$

$$\left. \frac{13t^2}{2} \right|_0^1$$

$$\boxed{\frac{13}{2}}$$

(31) $\int_C \frac{-y dx + x dy}{x^2 + y^2}$

~~(0,1)~~ $(1,0)$ to $(0,1)$

$$\langle -1, 1 \rangle t + \langle 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$s(t) = \langle 1-t, t \rangle$$

$$x(t) = (1-t)$$

$$x'(t) = -1 dt$$

$$y(t) = t$$

$$y'(t) = 1 dt$$

$$\int_C \frac{-t(-1) + (1-t)}{(1-t)^2 + t^2}$$

$$\int_C \frac{t+1-t}{1+t^2-2t+t^2}$$

$$= \int_C \frac{1}{1+2t^2-2t}$$

$$\int_C \frac{(1-\sqrt{2}t)^2}{(1+2t^2-2t)^{-1}}$$

35 P to Q

$$F(x, y, z) = \langle e^z, e^{x-y}, ey \rangle$$

$P \langle 0, 0, t \rangle \cdot dz$ $\langle 0, t, 1 \rangle \cdot dy$ $\langle -t, 1, 1 \rangle \cdot dx$

$x(t) = e^t \cdot dz$ $y(t) = e^{-t} \cdot dy$
 $\int P dx + Q dy + R dz$

$$\int_0^1 (e^1)(-1) + e^{(-1)}(1) + e^0(1)$$

$$\int_0^1 -e^t + e^{-t} + 1$$

$$= \int_0^1 1 - e^t + e^{-t} dt$$

$$= t - et + \frac{e^{-t}}{-1} \Big|_0^1$$

$$1 - e + \frac{e^{-1}}{-1} - \frac{e^0}{-1}$$

$$= 1 - e - \frac{1}{e} + 1$$

$$= \boxed{2 - e - \frac{1}{e}}$$

~~$\frac{e-1}{-x}$~~
 ~~e~~

~~$-e - \frac{1}{e}$~~

~~1, 3, 5, 7, 9~~ ~~11, 13, 15, 17, 19~~
Homework 16.2

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$$f(x, y, z) = xy \sin(yz)$$

$$F = \nabla f$$

$$\int_C F \cdot dr = f(b) - f(a)$$

$$= f(1, 1, \pi) - f(0, 0, 0)$$

$$= \sin(\pi) - 0$$

$$= 0 - 0$$

$$= 0$$

$$(3) \quad r(t) = \left\langle t, \frac{2}{t} \right\rangle$$

$$x(t) = t \quad x'(t) = 1 dt$$

$$y(t) = \frac{2}{t} \quad y'(t) = -\frac{2}{t^2} dt$$

$$\int \left\langle 3, 6\left(\frac{2}{t}\right) \right\rangle \cdot \left\langle 1 dt, -\frac{2}{t^2} dt \right\rangle$$

$$= \int_1^4 \left(3 + \frac{12 \cdot (-2)}{t^2} \right) dt$$

$$\int_1^4 \left(3 + \left(-\frac{24}{t^2} \right) \right) dt$$

$$3t + \frac{12}{t} \Big|_1^4$$

$$-3 + 1$$

$$3t + \frac{12}{t^2} \Big|_1^4$$

$$= 3(4) + \left(\frac{12}{16} \right) - \left(3 + 12 \right)$$

$$= 12 + \frac{12}{16} - 15$$

$$= -3 + \frac{12}{16}$$

$$= -3 + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= -3 + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= -12 + 3$$

$$= \frac{-9}{4}$$

$$(5) F(x, y, z) = ye^z \hat{i} + xe^z \hat{j} + xye^z \hat{k}$$

$$f(x, y, z) = xye^z$$

$$r(t) = (t^2, t^3, t-1) \quad (1 \leq t \leq 2)$$

$$x(t) = t^2 \quad dx = 2t dt$$

$$y(t) = t^3 \quad dy = 3t^2 dt$$

$$z(t) = t-1 \quad dz = dt$$

~~$$\int_1^2 \langle t^3 e^{t-1}, t^2 e^{t-1}, t^5 e^{t-1} \rangle \cdot \langle 2t, 3t^2, 1 \rangle$$~~

~~$$\int_1^2 \langle 2t^4 e^{t-1} + 3t^4 e^{t-1} + t^5 e^{t-1} \rangle$$~~

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} r(2) &= (4, 8, 1) \\ r(1) &= (1, 1, 0) \end{aligned}}$$

$$f(4, 8, 1) - f(1, 1, 0)$$

$$f(x, y, z) = xye^z$$

$$= 32e^1 - 1e^0$$

$$= \boxed{32e - 1}$$

$$\vec{E} = y^2 \hat{i} + (2xy + e^z) \hat{j} + ye^z \hat{k}$$

$$f_x = y^2$$

$$ye^z = ye^z$$

$$f = \int y^2$$

$$f = \frac{y^3}{3} + g(y, z)$$

$$= \frac{y^3}{3} + xy^2 + ye^z - \frac{y^3}{3} + h(z)$$

$$f_y = 2xy + e^z$$

$$\frac{d}{dz}(2xy^2) = 2xy + e^z$$

$$2xy^2 + g_y(y, z) = 2xy + e^z$$

$$g_y(y, z) = \int (2xy + e^z - y^2) dy$$

$$g(y, z) = \frac{2xy^2}{2} + ye^z - \frac{y^3}{3} + h(z)$$

$$f_z = ye^z$$

$$ye^z + h'(z) = ye^z$$

$$h'(z) = 0$$

$$h(z) = \int 0 dz$$

$$h(z) = 0 + C$$

$$f(x, y, z) = \frac{y^3}{3} + xy^2 + ye^z - \frac{y^3}{3} + 0 + C$$

$$(13) F = \langle z \sec^2 x, z, y + \tan x \rangle$$

$$f_x = z \sec^2 x$$

$$f = \int z \sec^2 x \, dx$$

$$= z \tan x + g(y, z)$$

$$f_y = z$$

$$\tan x + g'(y, z) = z$$

$$g'(y, z) = z - \tan x$$

$$g(y, z) = \int z - \tan x \, dy$$

$$g(y, z) = zy - y \tan x + h(z)$$

$$f = z \tan x + zy - y \tan x + h(z)$$

$$f_z = y + \tan x$$

$$\tan x + y + h'(z) = y + \tan x$$

$$f(x, y, z) = \boxed{z \tan x + zy - y \tan x}$$

$$(15) F = \langle 2xy + 5, x^2 - 4z, -4y \rangle$$

$$f_x = 2xy + 5$$

$$f = \int 2xy + 5 \, dx$$

$$yx^2 + 5x - 4zy$$

$$f = 2y \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right) + 5x + g(y, z)$$

$$f = yx^2 + 5x + g(y, z)$$

$$f_y = x^2 + g_y(y, z) = x^2 - 4z$$

$$x^2 + g(y, z) = x^2 - 4z$$

$$g = g(y, z) = \int -4z \, dy$$

$$g(y, z) = -4zy + h(z)$$

$$f_z = -4yz$$

$$-4xy + h'(z) = 4yz$$

$$h(z) = 0$$

$$f(x, y, z) = yx^2 + 5x - 4zy$$

(17) $\int_C 2xyz \, dx + x^2z \, dy + x^2y \, dz$

$$r(t) = \left(t^2, \sin\left(\frac{\pi t}{4}\right), e^{t^2-2t} \right) \text{ for } 0 \leq t \leq 2$$

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$$f_x = 2xyz$$

$$f = \int 2xyz \, dx$$

$$f = yzx^2$$

$$f = yz\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\right) + g(y, z)$$

$$f = yzx^2 + g(y, z)$$

$$f_y = zx^2 + g_y(y, z) = x^2z$$

$$g_y(y, z) = x^2z - zx^2$$

$$g(y, z) = 0 + h(z)$$

$$h'(z) = 0$$

$$h(z) = 0 + C$$

$$f = yzx^2 + g(y, z) + h(z)$$

$$f_z = x^2y$$

$$y/x^2 + h'(z) = x^2/y$$

$$r(2) = (4, \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}), 1)$$

$$r(0) = (0, 0, 1)$$

$$f = 9z x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(2) - f(0) &= 16(1) \left(\sin \frac{\pi}{2} \right) - 0 \\ &= 16 - 0 \\ &= \underline{\underline{16}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(19) \quad f = x^2 y - z$$

$$r_1 = \langle t, t, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$r_2 = \langle t, t^2, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} F &= \nabla f \\ &= \langle 2xy, x^2, -1 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\int \langle 2t^2, t^2, -1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle dt$$

$$= \int_0^1 (2t^2 + t^2 - 1) dt$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{2}{3} t^3 + \frac{1}{3} t^3 - t \end{aligned} \right|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} - 1 = \frac{2}{3} - 1 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{3}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2t^4}{4 \cdot 2} \\ \frac{t^6}{6 \cdot 3} \end{aligned}$$

$$t^4 \cdot 2t$$

$$\int \langle 2t^3, t^4, -1 \rangle \cdot \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle dt$$

$$\int_0^1 (2t^3 + t^4 - 1) dt$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{2}{4} t^4 + \frac{1}{5} t^5 - t \end{aligned} \right|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{5} - 1 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} - 1 = \frac{3}{10} - 1 = -\frac{7}{10}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{-\frac{7}{10}}}$$