

15.3-15.4 (Nov. 1st)

15.3: # 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17

15.4: # 1, 5, 9, 19, 27, 31, 47, 51

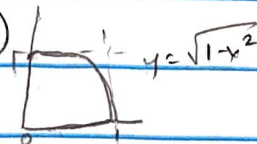
15.3: # 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17

$$\begin{aligned}
 3) \quad & \int_0^2 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 x e^{y-2z} \, dz \, dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 \left[-\frac{x e^{y-2z}}{2} \right]_0^1 dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x e^{y-2(1)}}{2} - \frac{x e^{y-2(0)}}{2} \right] dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 \left[\frac{x e^y}{2} - \frac{x e^{y-2}}{2} \right] dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^2 \left[\frac{x e^1}{2} - \frac{x e^{-1}}{2} \right] dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^2}{2} e^{-1} \right]_0^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} (4e - 4e^{-1}) = e - \frac{1}{e}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5) \quad & \int_0^3 \int_0^3 \int_0^1 (xy - xz - yz + yz) \, dx \, dy \, dz \\
 &= \int_0^3 \int_0^3 \left[\frac{x^2 y}{2} - \frac{x^2 z}{2} - xy^2 + xy^2 \right]_0^1 dy \, dz \\
 &= \int_0^3 \int_0^3 \left(\frac{y}{2} - \frac{z}{2} - y^2 + yz \right) dy \, dz \\
 &= \int_0^3 \left[\frac{y^2}{4} - \frac{zy}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} + \frac{zy^2}{2} \right]_0^3 dz \\
 &= \int_0^3 (3z - \frac{27}{4}) dz \\
 &= \left[\frac{3z^2}{2} - \frac{27z}{4} \right]_0^3 \\
 &= \frac{27}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 7) \quad & \int_0^c \int_0^b \int_0^a (x+z)^3 \, dx \, dy \, dz \\
 & \int_0^c \int_0^b \left[\frac{(x+z)^4}{4} \right]_0^a dy \, dz \\
 & \int_0^c \int_0^b \left(\frac{(a+z)^4}{4} - \frac{(0+z)^4}{4} \right) dy \, dz \\
 &= \int_0^c \left[\frac{(a+z)^4 y}{4} - \frac{z^4 y}{4} \right]_0^b dz \\
 &= \left[\frac{(a+z)^5 b}{20} - \frac{z^5 b}{20} \right]_0^c \\
 &= \frac{(a+c)^5 b - c^5 b - a^5 b}{20}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 9) \quad & \int_0^1 \int_0^x \int_0^x (x+y) \, dz \, dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^x (x+y) z \Big|_0^x dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \int_0^x (x^2 + y^2) dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \left[x^2 y + \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^x dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \frac{2}{3} x^3 dx \\
 &= \left[\frac{1}{6} x^4 \right]_0^1 \\
 &= \frac{1}{6}
 \end{aligned}$$

11) 

$$\begin{aligned}
 \iint_D xy \, dA &= \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} xy \, dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \frac{xy^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 &= \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{2} \Big|_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\
 &= \left[\frac{1}{16} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

13) $x+y+z=1, z=0 \rightarrow x+y=1$

$x=1-y$

$z=1-x-y, z=0$

$$\iint_D \int_0^{1-x-y} e^z dz = \iint_D \left(\int_0^{1-x-y} e^z dz \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_D (e^{1-x-y} - 1) dA$$

$$= \int_0^1 (e^{1-x-y} - x - y) dy$$

$$= \int_0^1 (e^{1-y} + y - 2) dy = -e^{1-y} + \frac{y^2}{2} - 2y \Big|_0^1$$

$$= -1 + \frac{1}{2} - 2 - (-e) = e - \frac{5}{2}$$

15)

$y=x$

$$\iiint_V z dv = \iint_D \left(\int_0^{\sqrt{9-x-y}} z dz \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_D \frac{9-x-y}{2} dA$$

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^x \frac{9-x-y}{2} dy dx = \int_0^3 \left. \frac{9y - xy - y^2/2}{2} \right|_{y=0}^{y=x} dx$$

$$= \frac{9x^2}{4} - \frac{x^3}{6} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{9}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{25}{12}$$

17)

$$y^2 = 8 - 2x^2 - y^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 \leq 4$$

$$x = \pm 2, y = \pm \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$\iiint_D f(x,y,z) dv = \int_{x=0}^2 \int_{y=0}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_{z=y^2}^{8-2x^2-y^2} x dz dy dx$$

$$\int_{x=0}^2 \int_{y=0}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} [x(8-2x^2-y^2) - x(y^2)] dy dx$$

$$\int_{x=0}^2 \int_{y=0}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} [8x - 2x^3 - 2xy^2] dy dx$$

$$\int_{x=0}^2 \left[\frac{4}{3} x \sqrt{4-x^2} (4-x^2) \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \int_{x=0}^2 [x(4-x^2)^{3/2}] dx$$

$$4-x^2 = t$$

$$x dx = -\frac{1}{2} dt$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \int_{t=4}^0 (t)^{3/2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} dt\right)$$

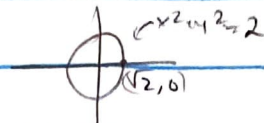
$$= -\frac{2}{3} \left[\frac{t^{5/2}}{5/2} \right]_{t=4}^0$$

$$= -\frac{4}{15} (0-32)$$

$$= \frac{128}{15}$$

15.4: # 1, 5, 9, 19, 27, 31, 47, 51

1) $r = \sqrt{2}$



$f(x, y) = g(r, \theta) = r$

$r \in [0, \sqrt{2}]; \theta \in [0, 2\pi)$

$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} g(r, \theta) dr d\theta$ ($\int_0^a \int_0^b dx dy = \int_0^a \int_0^b r dr d\theta$)

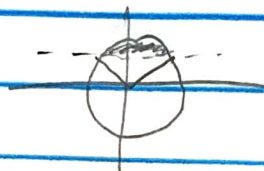
$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} r \cdot dr d\theta$

$= \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^2}{2} \right]_0^{\sqrt{2}} d\theta$ ($\int r^2 dr = \frac{r^3}{3}$)

$= \int_0^{2\pi} (d\theta) \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \boxed{\frac{4\sqrt{2}\pi}{2}}$

5) $f(x, y) = 4(x^2 + y^2)^{-1}$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{2}, \alpha = \frac{\pi}{6}$



$\theta \in [\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}]$

$y = r \sin \theta, x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$\therefore f(x, y) = g(r, \theta) = \frac{r \sin \theta}{r^2} = \frac{\sin \theta}{r}$

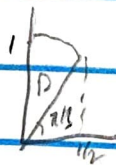
$= \int_0^1 \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{5\pi}{6}} f(x, y) dx dy = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{5\pi}{6}} \int_{\cos \theta}^{\sin \theta} \frac{\sin \theta}{r} r dr d\theta$

$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{5\pi}{6}} \sin \theta d\theta = \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{5\pi}{6}} \frac{d\theta}{2}$

$= \frac{1}{2} \cos \theta \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{5\pi}{6}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{5\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} \right)$

$= \boxed{\sqrt{3} - \frac{\pi}{3}}$

9)



$0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{3}x \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2}$

$\tan \theta = \sqrt{3}, \theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_{\sqrt{3}x}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} x dy dx = \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 (r \cos \theta) r dr d\theta$

$= \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 r^2 \cos \theta dr d\theta$

$= \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left(\frac{r^3}{3} \cos \theta \right) \Big|_0^1 d\theta = \boxed{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}}$

$$19) f(x, y) = x - y = r \cos \theta - r \sin \theta$$

$$\iint_D (x-y) dA = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^3 r(\cos \theta - \sin \theta) r dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_1^3 r^2 (\cos \theta - \sin \theta) dr d\theta$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \left[\frac{r^3}{3} (\cos \theta - \sin \theta) \right]_1^3 d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}{(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^3} d\theta$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}{(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^3} d\theta = \int_1^2 \frac{du}{u^3} = 0$$

$$= \boxed{0}$$

$$27) f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$

$$\iiint_W f(x, y, z) dv = \iiint_W f(r, \theta, z) r dr d\theta dz$$

$$= \int_0^5 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^3 r^3 dr d\theta dz$$

$$= \int_0^5 \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^4}{4} \right]_0^3 d\theta dz$$

$$= \frac{81}{4} \int_0^5 \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta dz = \boxed{\frac{405\pi}{2}}$$

$$31) f(x, y, z) = z$$

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$\iiint_W f(x, y, z) dv = \int_0^3 \int_0^{2\pi} \int_{r^2}^9 z r dz d\theta dr$$

$$= \int_0^3 \int_{r^2}^9 r z dz dr \cdot \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\int_0^3 \frac{r^2}{2} dr - \int_0^3 \frac{r^5}{2} dr \right)$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{729}{2} - \frac{729}{6} \right) = \boxed{243\pi}$$

$$47) w, 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2$$

$$= e^z \sin^2 \theta (1) = e^z \sin^2 \theta$$

$$= \iiint_W (x^2 + y^2) dv =$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^1 e^u \sin^3 \theta de d\theta d\phi$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{-\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta - 2 \cos \theta}{3} \right)_0^{\pi} \left(\frac{e^5}{5} \right)_0^1$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{8\pi}{15}}$$

$$51) f(x, y, z) = e \cos \theta$$

$$\iiint_W z dv = \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 (e \cos \theta) e^z \sin \theta de d\theta dz$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/3} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 e^3 \cos \theta \sin \theta de d\theta dz$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{3} \left(-\frac{1}{4} \cos 2\theta \right)_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{e^4}{4} \right)_0^2 = \boxed{\frac{5\pi}{8}}$$