

HW 12/6/20

19.1: 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 13

19.2: 1, 3, 5, 9, 11, 13

Sec 19.1:

1. $\int_C xy dx + y dy$

$x = \cos \theta \quad y = \sin \theta \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$dx = -\sin \theta d\theta \quad dy = \cos \theta d\theta$

$xy dx + y dy = (-\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta) d\theta$

$\int_0^{2\pi} (-\sin^2 \theta \cos \theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta) d\theta$

$= -\int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 \theta \cos \theta d\theta + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta$

$= -\frac{\sin^3 \theta}{3} \Big|_0^{2\pi} - \frac{\cos 4\theta}{4} \Big|_0^{2\pi}$

$= -\frac{1}{3} (\sin^3(2\pi) - \sin^3(0)) - \frac{1}{4} (\cos(8\pi) - \cos(0))$

$= -\frac{1}{3} (0 - 0) - \frac{1}{4} (1 - 1) = \boxed{0}$

$P = xy \quad Q = y$

$\frac{dP}{dy} = x \quad \frac{dQ}{dx} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{dQ}{dx} - \frac{dP}{dy} = 0 - x = -x$

$x^2 + y^2 \leq 1 \quad \iint_D (-x) dx dy = -\iint_D x dx dy = \boxed{0}$

3. $F = \langle P, Q \rangle = \langle y^2, x^2 \rangle$

$\text{curl}_z(F) = \frac{dQ}{dx} - \frac{dP}{dy} = \frac{d}{dx}(x^2) - \frac{d}{dy}(y^2) = 2x - 2y$

$0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 1$

$\iint_D (2x - 2y) dA = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (2x - 2y) dx dy$

$= x^2 \cdot 2xy \Big|_0^1 = 1 - 2y$

$= y - y^2 \Big|_0^1 = (1 - 1) - (0 - 0) = \boxed{0}$

5. $P = x^2 y \quad Q = 0$

$\frac{dP}{dy} = x^2 \quad \frac{dQ}{dx} = 0$

$-\iint_D x^2 dA \rightarrow -\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^3 \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2}\right) dr d\theta$

$= -\frac{1}{4} \int_0^{2\pi} \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2\theta}{2}\right) d\theta = 0 + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} \Big|_0^{2\pi}$

$= -\frac{1}{8} (2\pi + 0) = \boxed{-\frac{\pi}{4}}$

7. $P = x^2 \quad Q = x^2$

$\frac{dP}{dy} = 0 \quad \frac{dQ}{dx} = 2x \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$

$\iint_D 2x dA = \int_0^1 \int_0^1 2x dy dx$

$= 2xy \Big|_0^1 = 2x^2 - 2x^2$

$\int_0^1 2x^2 - 2x^2 dx = \frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}\right) - 0$

$= \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}$

9. $F = \langle e^{x+y}, e^{x-y} \rangle$

$\frac{dP}{dy} = e^{x+y} \quad \frac{dQ}{dx} = e^{x-y}$

$-\iint_D (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) dA$

$= -\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) dy dx - \int_0^1 \int_{x-2}^x (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) dy dx$

$= (-e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) \Big|_0^1 - (-e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) \Big|_{x-2}^x$

$= \int_0^1 (-1 + 2e^x - e^{2x}) dx - \int_0^1 (-e^{x-2} + e^2 - e^{x+2} + e^{2x-2}) dx$

$= (-x + 2e^x - \frac{1}{2}e^{2x}) \Big|_0^1 - (-e^{x-2} + xe^2 - e^{x+2} + \frac{1}{2}e^{2x-2}) \Big|_0^1$

$= \boxed{\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2}e^4 + \frac{1}{2}e^6 - \frac{5}{2}e^2}$

13. $P = \sin x + y \quad Q = 3x + y$

$\frac{dP}{dy} = 1 \quad \frac{dQ}{dx} = 3$

$\iint_D (3-1) dA = 2 \iint_D dA = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) (6+2) (2)$

$= \boxed{16}$

Sec 19.2:

1. $F = \langle 2xy, x, y+2z \rangle \quad z = 1-x^2-y^2 \quad x^2+y^2 \leq 1$

$C(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$C'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$

$F(C(t)) = \langle 2\cos t \sin t, \cos t, \sin t \rangle$

$\langle 2\cos t \sin t, \cos t, \sin t \rangle \cdot \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$

$= -2\cos t \sin^2 t + \cos^3 t$

$= \int_0^{2\pi} (-2\cos t \sin^2 t + \cos^3 t) dt =$

$= \left(-\frac{2}{3} \sin^3 t + \frac{t}{2} + \frac{\sin 2t}{4}\right) \Big|_0^{2\pi}$

$= \left(-\frac{2}{3} \sin^3(2\pi) + \frac{2\pi}{2} + \frac{\sin 4\pi}{4}\right) - (0)$

$= \boxed{\pi}$

Ex 19.2 (cont.)

1. (cont.)

$$\Phi(\theta, t) = (t \cos \theta, t \sin \theta, 1-t^2) \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1 \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$T_\theta = \langle -t \sin \theta, t \cos \theta, 0 \rangle \quad T_t = \langle \cos \theta, \sin \theta, -2t \rangle$$

$$T_\theta \times T_t = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ -t \sin \theta & t \cos \theta & 0 \\ \cos \theta & \sin \theta & -2t \end{vmatrix} = -2t^2 \cos \theta i - 2t^2 \sin \theta j - tk$$

$$n = \langle 2t^2 \cos \theta, 2t^2 \sin \theta, t \rangle$$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ zxy & x & y+z \end{vmatrix} = i + (1-2x)k = \langle 1, 0, 1-2x \rangle$$

$$\text{curl}(F) \cdot n = \langle 1, 0, 1-2t \cos \theta \rangle \cdot \langle 2t^2 \cos \theta, 2t^2 \sin \theta, t \rangle$$

$$= 2t^3 \cos \theta + 0 + t - 2t^3 \cos \theta = t$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 t \, dt \, d\theta = \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \theta \Big|_0^{2\pi} = \boxed{\pi}$$

3. $F(x, y, z) = \langle e^{y-z}, 0, 0 \rangle$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ e^{y-z} & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = -e^{y-z} j - e^{y-z} k$$

$$\text{curl}(F) \cdot n = (-e^{y-z} j - e^{y-z} k) \cdot k = -e^{y-z}$$

$$\iint_S \text{curl}(F) \cdot n \, dS = \boxed{e^{-1} - 1}$$

5. $F = \langle e^x - y, e^x + x, \cos(xz) \rangle$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1 \quad z \geq 0$$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ e^x - y & e^x + x & \cos(xz) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \langle -3ze^x, z \sin(xz) + 2ze^x, z \rangle$$

$$c(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$c'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$F(c(t)) = \langle 1 - \sin t, 1 + \cos t, 1 \rangle$$

$$F(c(t)) \cdot c'(t) = \langle 1 - \sin t, 1 + \cos t, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$= -\sin t + \sin t + \cos t + \cos t + 0 = 1 - \sin t + \cos t$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \sin t + \cos t) \, dt = t + \cos t - \sin t \Big|_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= (2\pi + 1 - 0) - (0 + 1 - 0)$$

$$= \boxed{2\pi}$$

9. $F = \langle yz, xz, xy \rangle \quad x^2 + y^2 = 1 \quad z=1 \quad z=4$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ yz & xz & xy \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (x-x)i - (y-y)j + (z-z)k = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$= \boxed{0}$$

11. $F = \langle 3y, -2x, 3y \rangle \quad x^2 + y^2 = 9 \quad z=2$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ 3y & -2x & 3y \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i(3-0) - j(0-0) + k(-2-3)$$

$$= \langle 3, 0, -5 \rangle$$

$$r(x, y) = \langle x, y, 2 \rangle \quad 0 \leq x \leq 3 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 3$$

$$r_x = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle \quad r_y = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$r_x \times r_y = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$$

$$\text{curl}(F) \cdot \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle = 0 + 0 + (-5)(1) = -5$$

$$\text{Flux} = \int_0^3 \int_0^3 -5 \, dy \, dx = -5y \Big|_0^3 = -15$$

$$-15x \Big|_0^3 = \boxed{-45}$$

13. $F = \langle y, z, x \rangle \quad (0, 0, 0) \quad (3, 0, 0) \quad (0, 3, 3)$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ d/dx & d/dy & d/dz \\ y & z & x \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= i(0-1) - j(1-0) + k(0-1) = \langle -1, -1, -1 \rangle$$

$$r(x, y, z) = \langle x, y, z \rangle \quad 0 \leq x \leq 3 \quad 0 \leq y \leq 3 \quad 0 \leq z \leq 3$$

$$r_x = \langle 1, 0, 0 \rangle \quad r_y = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$r_x \times r_y = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$$

$$\text{curl}(F) \cdot \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle = 0 + 0 + (-1)(1) = -1$$

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^3 -1 \, dy \, dx = -1y \Big|_0^3 = -3$$

$$-3x \Big|_0^3 = \boxed{-9}$$