

17.1: 1-13 odd  
17.2: 1-13 odd

17.1

1)  $\oint xy dx + y dy$   $x = \cos \theta$   $y = \sin \theta$   $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$   
 $dx = -\sin \theta d\theta$   $dy = \cos \theta d\theta$

$$\oint xy dx + y dy = \int_0^{2\pi} \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta d\theta + \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta = 0 \quad \# \text{ using Maple}$$

3)  $\oint y^2 dx + x^2 dy$   $C: 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1$

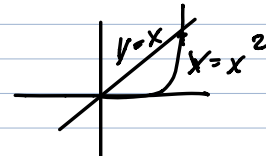
$$\vec{F} = \langle y^2, x^2 \rangle \quad \text{curl}(\vec{F}) = 2x - 2y$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (2x - 2y) dx dy = 0$$

5)  $\oint_C x^2 y dx \Rightarrow \iint_D x^2 dA$   $x^2 + y^2 = 1$   
 $r=1$   
 $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$

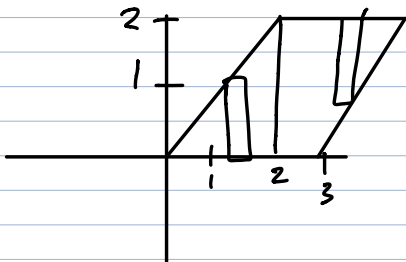
$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^2 \cos^2 \theta dr d\theta = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

7)  $\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} \Rightarrow \vec{F}(x,y) = \langle x^2, x^2 \rangle$   $C: y = x^2, y = x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$

$$\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x 2x dy dx$$


$\approx \frac{1}{6}$  using maple

9)  $\vec{F}(x,y) = \langle e^{x+y}, e^{x-y} \rangle$   $C: (0,0) \Rightarrow (2,2) \Rightarrow (4,2) \Rightarrow (2,0) \Rightarrow (0,0)$



$$-\iint_D (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) dA \Rightarrow -\int_0^2 \int_0^x (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) =$$
$$\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2} e^4 + \frac{1}{2} e^6 - \frac{5}{2} e^2$$

11)  $F = \langle \partial_x e^y, x + x^2 e^y \rangle$   $C$ : quarter circle path from  $A$  to  $B$ . Evaluate  $I = \int_C F \cdot dr$ :

a) Find a function  $f(x,y)$  where  $\vec{F} = \vec{G} + \nabla f$ ,  $G = \langle 0, 2 \rangle$

$$\vec{F} - \vec{G} = \nabla f$$

$$\langle \partial_x e^y, x^2 e^y \rangle = \nabla f \quad f(x,y) = x^2 e^y$$

$$\int \partial_x e^y dx = x^2 e^y + g(y)$$

$$\int x^2 e^y dy = x^2 e^y + g(x)$$

b) Show that the line integrals of  $G$  along segments  $\overline{OA}$  and  $\overline{OB}$  are zero

$$\int_{\overline{OA}} G \cdot dr = \int_0^1 \langle 0, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 4t, 0 \rangle dt = 0 \quad \int_{\overline{OB}} G \cdot dr = \int_0^1 \langle 0, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 0, 4t \rangle dt = 0$$

$$r(t) = \langle 4t, 0 \rangle$$

$$x = 4t \quad y = 0$$

$$dx = 4dt \quad dy = 0$$

$$r(t) = \langle 0, 4t \rangle$$

$$dr = \langle 0, 4 \rangle dt$$

$$x = 0 \quad y = 4t$$

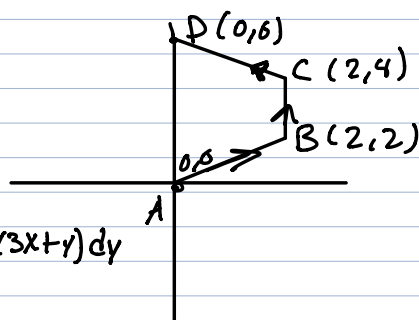
$$dx = 0 \quad dy = 4dt$$

$$\circlearrowleft I = 0 - 16 + 4\pi = 4\pi - 16$$

13)  $I = \int_C (\sin x + y) dx + (3x + y) dy$

$$I = \int_{SD} (\sin x + y) dx + (3x + y) dy - \int_{DA} (\sin x + y) dx + (3x + y) dy$$

$$= 34 \quad \text{if using maple}$$



17.2

1)  $F = \langle yz, 0, x \rangle, z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$  For  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$

$C(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 0 \rangle, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$C'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$

$F(C(t)) \cdot C'(t) = -2\sin t \cos t + \cos^2 t$

$\int_0^{2\pi} -2\sin^2 t \cos t + \cos^2 t dt = \pi$

$T_\theta = \langle -t \sin \theta, t \cos \theta, 0 \rangle$

$T_t = \langle \cos \theta, \sin \theta, -2t \rangle$

$T_\theta \times T_t = \langle -2t^2 \cos \theta, 2t^2 \sin \theta, -t \rangle = n$

$\text{curl}(F) = \langle 1, 0, 1 - 2x \rangle$

$\text{curl}(F) \cdot \vec{n} = t$

$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 t dt d\theta = \pi$

3)  $F = \langle e^{x^2}, 0, 0 \rangle, [1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 1], [0, 1, 1], [0, 0, 1]$

$z=2$

AB:  $x=1$   $y$  varies from 0 to 1

BC:  $y=1$   $x$  varies from 1 to 0

CD:  $x=0$   $y$  varies from 1 to 0

DA:  $y=0$   $x$  varies from 0 to 1

Stokes

$\iint_S \text{curl}(F) \cdot d\vec{S} = \oint_{\partial S} F \cdot d\vec{s}$

$= \oint_{AB} F \cdot d\vec{s} + \oint_{BC} F \cdot d\vec{s} + \oint_{CD} F \cdot d\vec{s} + \oint_{DA} F \cdot d\vec{s}$

$\iint_C \text{curl}(F) \cdot d\vec{S} = \iint_S \text{curl}(F) \cdot \vec{n} dS$

$\oint_{AB} F \cdot d\vec{s} = \int_{AB} e^{x^2} dx = 0$

$\text{curl}(F) = \langle 0, e^{x^2}, -e^{y^2} \rangle \quad \vec{n} = \vec{k}$

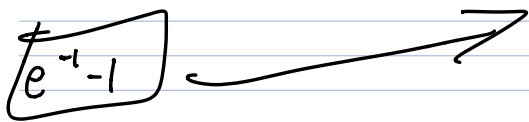
$\oint_{BC} F \cdot d\vec{s} = \int_{BC} e^{x^2} dx = \int_1^0 dx = -1$

$\text{curl}(F) \cdot \vec{n} dS = e^{y^2}$

$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (-e^{y^2}) dx dy \cdot e^{-1} = -1$

$\oint_{CD} F \cdot d\vec{s} = \int_{CD} e^{x^2} dx = 0$

$\oint_{DA} F \cdot d\vec{s} = \int_0^1 e^{-1} dx = e^{-1}$



5)  $F = \langle e^{z^2-y}, e^{z^3+x}, \cos(x+z) \rangle$ , upper hemisphere  $x^2+y^2+z^2=1$   $z \geq 0$  with outward pointing normal

$$\text{Curl}(F) = \langle -3z^2e^{z^3}, z\sin(xz) + 2ze^{z^2}, z \rangle$$

$$\iint_S \text{Curl}(F) \cdot d\vec{S} = \iint_{\partial S} F \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$$C(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$C'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$F(C(t)) = \langle 1 - \sin t, \cos t, 1 \rangle$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \sin t + \cos t) dt = 2\pi$$

7)  $F(x,y,z) = \langle xy^2, yz^2, zx^2 \rangle$ ,  $S$ : boundary of the cylinder given by  $x^2+y^2 \leq 4$ ,  $0 \leq z \leq 3$

$$\iiint \text{div}(F) \cdot dV \Rightarrow \iiint (y^2 + z^2 + x^2) \cdot dV$$

$$0 \leq r \leq 2 \quad 0 \leq z \leq 3 \\ 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^3 \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} (y^2 + z^2 + x^2) dy dx dz = 60\pi$$

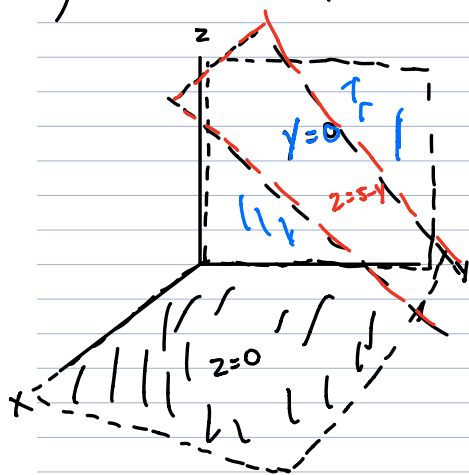
9)  $F(x,y,z) = \langle x + z^2, xz + y^2, xz - y \rangle$ ;  $z = 1 - x^2$ ,  $z = 0$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $z + y = 5$

$$D = \{ (x,y,z) \mid 0 \leq z \leq 1 - x^2, 0 \leq y \leq x^2 - 4, -2 \leq x \leq 2 \}$$

$$5 - y = 1 - x^2$$

$$x^2 - 4 = y$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{1-x^2} \int_0^{y^2-4} \text{div}(F) dy dz dx = \frac{864}{165}$$



11)  $F(x,y,z) = \langle x^3, 0, z^3 \rangle$ ;  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 4$ ;  $x, y, z \geq 0$

$$\iiint \text{div}(F) dV \Rightarrow \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^2 \text{div}(F(\text{spherical coordinates})) \cdot \rho^2 \sin \phi d\rho d\phi d\theta = \frac{32\pi}{3}$$

$$D = \{ (\rho, \phi, \theta) \mid 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \leq \phi \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \leq \rho \leq 2 \}$$

$$13) F(x,y,z) = \langle x, y^2, z+y \rangle, \quad x^2+y^2=4 \quad z=x \text{ and } z=8$$

$$\iiint_D \operatorname{div}(F) dV \quad D = \{(x,y,z) \mid x^2+y^2 \leq 4, 0 \leq z \leq \pi, z \leq 8\}$$

???  
confused