

Homework due 12/06
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Sec. 17.1

$$1) \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} -x \, dy \, dx = 0$$

$$3) \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (2x-2y) \, dx \, dy = 0$$

$$5) \int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} -x^2 \, dy \, dx = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$7) \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x 2x \, dy \, dx = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$9) - \int_0^2 \int_0^x (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) \, dy \, dx - \int_2^4 \int_{x-2}^2 (e^{x-y} - e^{x+y}) \, dy \, dx \\ = \frac{e^6}{2} - \frac{e^4}{2} - \frac{5e^2}{2} + \frac{5}{2} \approx 158.44$$

$$13) 2 \cdot 8 - \int_0^1 (6-6t)(-6) \, dt = 16 - (-18) = 34$$

17.2

$$1) \quad r(t) = \langle \cos(t), \sin(t), 0 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$\langle 2\cos(t) \sin(t), \cos(t), \sin(t) \rangle - \langle -\sin(t), \cos(t), 0 \rangle$$

$$= \cos^2(t) - 2\cos(t)\sin^2(t)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} (\cos^2(t) - 2\cos(t)\sin^2(t)) dt = \pi$$

$$\text{curl}(F) = \langle 1, 0, 1-2x \rangle$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} (-2x + 1-2x) dy dx = \pi$$

$$3) \quad \text{curl}(F) = \langle 0, -e^{y-z}, -e^{y-z} \rangle$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 -e^{y-1} dx dy = e^{-1} - 1$$

$$r_1(t) = \langle 1, t, 1 \rangle \quad r_2(t) = \langle 1-t, 1, 1 \rangle$$

$$r_3(t) = \langle 0, 1-t, 1 \rangle \quad r_4(t) = \langle t, 0, 1 \rangle$$

$$\int_0^1 (-e^0 + e^{-1}) dt = e^{-1} - 1$$

$$5) \quad \text{curl}(F) = \langle -3z^2 e^{z^3}, z \sin(xz) + 2ze^{z^2}, 2 \rangle$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \left((1 - \sin(\theta))(-\sin(\theta)) + (1 + \cos(\theta))(\cos(\theta)) \right) d\theta = 2\pi$$

9) $\text{curl}(F) = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$

It's conservative so an integral over a closed region will be 0.

11) $\text{curl}(F) = \langle 3, 0, -5 \rangle$

$$\int_{-3}^3 \int_{-\sqrt{9-x^2}}^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \left(\frac{3x}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} - 5 \right) dy dx$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^3 (3 \cos(\theta) - 5) r dr d\theta = -45\pi$$

13) $\text{curl}(F) = \langle -1, -1, -1 \rangle$

Plane eq: $z - y = 0 \Rightarrow z = y$

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{3-x} (1-1) dy dx = 0$$