NAME:

MATH 251 Dr. Z.'s First Make-Up Practice Exam I

1. Find an equation for the plane that passes through the points

(1,1,1) , (1,2,3) , (3,2,1) .

2. Find parametric equations for the line through the point (1, 2, 0) that is parallel to the plane x + 2y + 4z = 7 and perpendicular to the line x = 1 + t, y = 1 - t, z = 2t.

3. Find the curvature of the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle e^t \sin 2t, e^t \cos 2t, t^2 \rangle \quad ,$$

at the point (0, 1, 0).

4. What force is required so that a particle of mass 20 kg has the position function

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle e^t, e^t \sin 3t, e^{2t} \sin 3t \rangle \quad .$$

5. Find the following limit, if it exists, or show that it does not exist:

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)}\frac{x^2+5y^2}{(x+3y)^2}$$

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6. Find the linear approximation to the function

$$f(x, y, z) = (\sqrt{x + 2y + 3z})^3$$

at the point (2, 2, 1), and use it to approximate f(2.1, 1.9, 0.9).

7. Use the chain rule to find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial t}$, if

 $w = x^3 + xy^2 + yz^2 \quad , \quad x = s^2t \quad , \quad y = 2s^2\cos t \quad , \quad z = s\sin 2t \quad ,$ when s = 2 and t = 0.

8. Find the maximum rate of change of $f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{x + y + z}$ at the point (1, 2, 1), and the direction in which it occurs.

9. Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ if

$$1 + xyz = x^2 + y^2 + z^5 \quad .$$

10. Find an equation of the tangent plane to the surface

$$z = e^{x+y}$$

at the point (2, -2, 1).