

Solutions to Attendance Quiz for Lecture 19 of Dr. Z.'s Dynamical Models in Biology class

Name: Dr. Z.

1. Write the Maple command for the following mathematical expressions

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial z^2} \quad ,$$

Sol:

```
diff(f,x,x)+diff(f,y,y)+diff(f,z,z);
```

$$\int_{x=-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{y=5}^{\infty} e^{-x^2/2-y^2/2} dx dy$$

```
Sol int(int(exp(-x**2/2-y**2/2),y=5..infinity),x=-infinity..infinity);
```

Comment: I was wrong when I said that in Maple infinity is abbreviated to infy. You spell out the whole word.

2. Write the Maple command to solve the following system of two differential equations with two unknowns functions, with the given initial conditions

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 5x + 7y \quad , \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -5x + 9y \quad , \quad x(0) = 5 \quad , \quad y(0) = 3$$

```
Sol.: dsolve(diff(x(t),t)=5*x(t)+7*y(t), diff(y(t),t)=-5*x(t)+9*y(t),x(0)=5, y(0)=3,x(t),y(t)).
```

3. In the Maple package DMB.txt

```
Let's define A:=proc(x):SSSg(HWg(u,v,[[1,x,1],[1,1,1],[1,1,1]]),[u,v])[1][1]: end:
```

that tells you the ultimate fraction of the genotype AA if all matings are equally likely except that the mating of Ae with each other is x times more likely than all the other mating.

How would you plot a graph of $A(x)$ from $x=2$ to $x=30$?

```
Sol. plot([seq([x,A(x)],x=2..30)]);
```

A more detailed plot is

```
plot([seq([0.1*x,A(0.1*x)],x=20..300)]);
```

(but it takes longer). Note that

```
plot(A(x),x=2..30);
```

does not work, since $A(x)$ is not an explicit function of x it is given via a user's defined **numerical** procedure.