

Homework for Lecture 2 of Dr. Z.'s Dynamical Models in Biology class

Email the answers (either as .pdf file) to

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by 8:00pm Monday, Sept. 15, 2025.

Subject: hw2

with an attachment LastFirstHw2.pdf

1. Solve the following differential equation, subject to the given initial condition

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{y^3}{(t+1)} \quad , \quad y(0) = 1 \quad .$$

$$\frac{dy}{y^3} = \frac{dt}{t+1} \Rightarrow \int y^{-3} dy = \int (t+1)^{-1} dt \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} y^2 = \ln(t+1) + C$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-1}{2y^2} &= \ln(t+1) - \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{y^2} &= 1 - 2\ln(t+1) \\ y(t) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-2\ln(t+1)}} \end{aligned}$$

2. Solve the following differential equation, subject to the given initial conditions

$$y''(t) - 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 0 \quad , \quad y(0) = 2 \quad , \quad y'(0) = 3 \quad .$$

$$r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0$$

$$(r-1)(r-2) \Rightarrow r=1, 2$$

$$y(t) = C_1 e^t + C_2 e^{2t}$$

$$y'(t) = C_1 e^t + 2C_2 e^{2t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C_1 + C_2 &= 2 \\ C_1 + 2C_2 &= 3 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow C_1 = 1, C_2 = 1$$

$$y(t) = e^t + e^{2t}$$

3. Find all the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \begin{bmatrix} 3-\lambda & -4 \\ 4 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} &\rightarrow (3-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - (-16) \\ &= 9 - 3\lambda - 3\lambda + \lambda^2 + 16 \\ &= \lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\ \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(1)(25)}}{2(1)} \\ \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 100}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{6 \pm 8i}{2} = 3 \pm 4i \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 3 + 4i$$

$$\sqrt{64} = 8$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -4i & -4 \\ 4 & -4i \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow -4ix - 4y = 0 \Rightarrow y = -ix$$

$$x=1 \Rightarrow v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix} \quad v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ i \end{pmatrix}$$