

### Problem 1:

```

> i := 1
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 2
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 3
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 4
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 5
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 6
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 7
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 8
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
>
> i := 9
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 10
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 11
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 12
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 13
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 14
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 15
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
> i := 16
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)

```

the highlighted  
are removed

```

> i := 17
i := 17
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
[ -1.37 s + 1179.6, 0.17 s - 20.4 ]
> i := 18
i := 18
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
[ -1.38 s + 1178.4, 0.18 s - 21.6 ]
> i := 19
i := 19
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
[ -1.39 s + 1177.2, 0.19 s - 22.8 ]
> i := 20
i := 20
> SIRS(s, i, 0.01, 1.2, 1.2, 1000)
[ -1.40 s + 1176.0, 0.20 s - 24.0 ]

```

## Problem 2:

```

= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[93, 45] (2)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[44, 100] (3)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[38, 69] (4)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[27, 96] (5)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[17, 90] (6)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[34, 18] (7)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[52, 56] (8)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[43, 83] (9)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[25, 90] (10)
= > a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[93, 60] (11)
-
```

all are stable

```

> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[93, 14]
{[1300.989130, 0.01086956522]} (12)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[50, 47]
{[2348.979592, 0.02040816327]} (13)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[8, 46]
{[366.8571429, 0.1428571429]} (14)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[44, 9]
{[394.9767442, 0.02325581395]} (15)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[77, 59]
{[4541.986842, 0.01315789474]} (16)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[16, 1]
{[14.93333333, 0.06666666667]} (17)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[70, 77]
{[5388.985507, 0.01449275362]} (18)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[39, 92]
{[3586.973684, 0.02631578947]} (19)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[71, 67]
{[4755.985714, 0.01428571429]} (20)
> a1 := rand(1..100)() : a2 := rand(1..100)() : [a1, a2]; SEquP(ChemoStat(N, C, a1, a2), [N, C]);
[78, 51]
{[3976.987013, 0.01298701299]} (21)

```

all are  
stable

### Problem 3:

```

> SIRScdemo(1000, 400, 1, 0.01, 10);
This is a numerical demonstration of the R0 phenomenon in the SIRS model using discretization with mesh size=, 0.01, and letting it run until time t=, 10
with population size, 1000, and fixed parameters mu=, 1, and gamma=, 1
where we change beta from 0.2*mu/N to 4*mu/N

Recall that the epidemic will persist if beta exceeds mu/N, that in this case is,  $\frac{1}{1000}$ 
We start with, 400, infected individuals, 0 removed and hence, 600, susceptible
We will show what happens once time is close to, 10
beta is,  $\frac{1}{10}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [999.6693512, 0.04464970605]], [9.99, [999.6721666, 0.04424784393]], [10.00, [999.6749582, 0.04384959883]], [10.01, [999.6777263, 0.04345493819]]]
beta is,  $\frac{3}{10}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [998.8686058, 0.2679278925]], [9.99, [998.8764375, 0.2660514879]], [10.00, [998.8842153, 0.2641882307]], [10.01, [998.8919395, 0.2623380288]]]
beta is,  $\frac{1}{2}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [995.5661036, 1.464972088]], [9.99, [995.5885005, 1.457614750]], [10.00, [995.6107835, 1.450294524]], [10.01, [995.6329532, 1.443011223]]]
beta is,  $\frac{7}{10}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [982.9907292, 6.871557578]], [9.99, [983.0448236, 6.850124744]], [10.00, [983.0987363, 6.828761355]], [10.01, [983.1524679, 6.807467168]]]
beta is,  $\frac{9}{10}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [944.9550913, 25.07830676]], [9.99, [945.0414764, 25.04080455]], [10.00, [945.1276722, 25.00337789]], [10.01, [945.2136792, 24.96602657]]]
beta is,  $\frac{11}{10}$ , times the threshold value
the long-term behavior is
[[9.98, [866.8575732, 64.57449614]], [9.99, [866.9275067, 64.54449698]], [10.00, [866.9972772, 64.51456141]], [10.01, [867.0668854, 64.48468924]]]

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the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [866.8575732, 64.57449614]], [9.99, [866.9275067, 64.54449698]], [10.0, [866.9972772, 64.51456141]], [10.01, [867.0668854, 64.48468924]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{13}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [764.2055840, 117.1693099]], [9.99, [764.2277964, 117.1616555]], [10.0, [764.2499053, 117.1540354]], [10.01, [764.2719113, 117.1464495]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{3}{2}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [667.4467215, 166.2827762]], [9.99, [667.4446531, 166.2847218]], [10.0, [667.4425717, 166.2866623]], [10.01, [667.4404774, 166.2885977]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{17}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [588.7326192, 205.7837146]], [9.99, [588.7278789, 205.7854544]], [10.0, [588.7231678, 205.7871777]], [10.01, [588.7184858, 205.7888844]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{19}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [526.3391708, 236.9273141]], [9.99, [526.3371276, 236.9274194]], [10.0, [526.3351118, 236.9275155]], [10.01, [526.3331234, 236.9276024]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{21}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [476.0755911, 261.9954214]], [9.99, [476.0755589, 261.9947893]], [10.0, [476.0755398, 261.9941570]], [10.01, [476.0755336, 261.9935246]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{23}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [434.6820669, 282.6567829]], [9.99, [434.6827642, 282.6561293]], [10.0, [434.6834631, 282.6554802]], [10.01, [434.6841635, 282.6548356]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{5}{2}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [399.9447066, 300.0130619]], [9.99, [399.9454130, 300.0126472]], [10.0, [399.9461153, 300.0122378]], [10.01, [399.9468135, 300.0118336]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{27}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [370.3498315, 314.8101124]], [9.99, [370.3503056, 314.8099378]], [10.0, [370.3507743, 314.8097672]], [10.01, [370.3512378, 314.8096006]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{29}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [344.8255549, 327.5761726]], [9.99, [344.8257953, 327.5761533]], [10.0, [344.8260313, 327.5761363]], [10.01, [344.8262630, 327.5761215]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{31}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [322.5856476, 338.7004341]], [9.99, [322.5857299, 338.7004867]], [10.0, [322.5858094, 338.7005401]], [10.01, [322.5858863, 338.7005943]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{33}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [303.0363872, 348.4783244]], [9.99, [303.0363869, 348.4783944]], [10.0, [303.0363852, 348.4784644]], [10.01, [303.0363821, 348.4785344]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{7}{2}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [285.7191728, 357.1389626]], [9.99, [285.7191408, 357.1390237]], [10.0, [285.7191083, 357.1390844]], [10.01, [285.7190753, 357.1391447]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{37}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [270.2735369, 364.8628645]], [9.99, [270.2735002, 364.8629086]], [10.0, [270.2734634, 364.8629522]], [10.01, [270.2734267, 364.8629953]]]$

*beta is ,  $\frac{39}{10}$  , times the threshold value*

the long-term behavior is

$[[9.98, [256.4121907, 371.7940209]], [9.99, [256.4121603, 371.7940490]], [10.0, [256.4121301, 371.7940766]], [10.01, [256.4121001, 371.7941037]]]$

#### Problem 4:

```
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5500000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5280000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5710000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5480000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5510000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5810000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5640000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5430000000
=
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5510000000
=
> 
> HWgE(100, 1000); 0.5410000000
=
```

ANSWERS ARE CLOSE TOGETHER