

Homework for Lecture 13 of Dr. Z.'s Dynamical Models in Biology class

Email the answers (as a .pdf file) to

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by 8:00pm Monday, Oct. 20, 2025.

Subject: hw13

with an attachment hw13FirstLast.pdf

1. a Find all the steady-states of the system

$$a_1(n+1) = \frac{a_1(n)}{3 + a_2(n)}$$

$$a_2(n+1) = \frac{a_2(n)}{2 + a_1(n)}$$

Which of them is a stable steady-state?

2. a Find all the steady-states of the system

$$a_1(n+1) = \frac{a_1(n)}{3a_1(n) + 5a_2(n)}$$

$$a_2(n+1) = \frac{a_2(n)}{2a_1(n) + 7a_2(n)}$$

Which of them is a stable steady-state?

1. a Find all the steady-states of the system

$$a_1(n+1) = \frac{a_1(n)}{3+a_2(n)}$$

$$a_2(n+1) = \frac{a_2(n)}{2+a_1(n)}$$

Which of them is a stable steady-state?

$$x_1 = \frac{x_1}{3+x_2}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{x_2}{2+x_1}$$

$$x_1 - \frac{x_1}{3+x_2} = 0$$

$$x_1 \left(1 - \frac{1}{3+x_2} \right) = 0$$

$$-1 + \frac{1}{3+x_2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{3+x_2} = 1$$

$$1 = 3+x_2$$

$$-2 = x_2$$

$$(-1, -2)$$

$$x_2 = -2: -2 = \frac{-2}{2+x_1}$$

$$-4 - 2x_1 = -2$$

$$-2x_1 = 2$$

$$x_1 = -1$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3+x_2} & \frac{-x_1}{(3+x_2)^2} \\ \frac{-x_2}{(2+x_1)^2} & \frac{1}{2+x_1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J(-1, -2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - 1)(\lambda - 1) - 2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 1 - 2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+4}}{2}$$

$$\frac{2 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$1 \pm \sqrt{2} \therefore \text{unstable}$

$$J(0, 0) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - \frac{1}{3})(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{5}{6}\lambda + \frac{1}{6} = 0$$

$$(\lambda - \frac{1}{3})(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) \text{ both } < 1 \therefore \text{stable}$$

$$J(-1, 0) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{9} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - \frac{1}{3})(\lambda - 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{4}{3}\lambda + \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 1)(\lambda - \frac{1}{3}) \quad \lambda = 1 \therefore \text{unstable}$$

$$J(0, -2) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - 1)(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{3}{2}\lambda + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 1)(\lambda - \frac{1}{2}) \text{ unstable}$$

2. a Find all the steady-states of the system

$$a_1(n+1) = \frac{a_1(n)}{3a_1(n) + 5a_2(n)}$$

$$a_2(n+1) = \frac{a_2(n)}{2a_1(n) + 7a_2(n)}$$

Which of them is a stable steady-state?

$$x_1 = \frac{x_1}{3x_1 + 5x_2}$$

$$x_1 - \frac{x_1}{3x_1 + 5x_2} = 0$$

$$x_2 = 0: x_1 - \frac{x_1}{3x_1} = 0$$

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}, 0\right)$$

$$x_2 = \frac{x_2}{2x_1 + 7x_2}$$

$$x_2 - \frac{x_2}{2x_1 + 7x_2} = 0$$

$$x_1 = 0: x_2 - \frac{x_2}{7x_2} = 0$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{7}$$

$$\left(0, \frac{1}{7}\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x_1 + 5x_2 &= 1 \\ \frac{3}{2} - \frac{21}{2}x_2 + 5x_2 &= 1 \\ -\frac{11}{2}x_2 &= -\frac{1}{2} \\ x_2 &= \frac{1}{11} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + 7x_2 &= 1 \\ x_1 &= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{7}{2}x_2 \\ x_1 &= \frac{4}{22} = \frac{2}{11} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{11}, \frac{1}{11}\right)$$

$$J = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5x_2}{(3x_1 + 5x_2)^2} & \frac{-5x_1}{(3x_1 + 5x_2)^2} \\ \frac{-2x_2}{(2x_1 + 7x_2)^2} & \frac{2x_1}{(2x_1 + 7x_2)^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$J\left(\frac{1}{3}, 0\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -5/3 \\ 0 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda)(\lambda - \frac{2}{3}) = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{2}{3}\lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0, \frac{2}{3} \quad \therefore \text{stable}$$

$$J\left(0, \frac{1}{7}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{7} & 0 \\ -\frac{2}{7} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - \frac{5}{7})(\lambda) = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0, \frac{5}{7} \quad \therefore \text{stable}$$

$$J\left(\frac{2}{11}, \frac{1}{11}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} 5/11 & -10/11 \\ -2/11 & 4/11 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(\lambda - \frac{5}{11})(\lambda - \frac{4}{11}) - \frac{20}{121} = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{9}{11}\lambda + \frac{20}{121} - \frac{20}{121} = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \frac{9}{11}\lambda = 0$$

$$\lambda = 0, \frac{9}{11} \quad \text{stable}$$