Homework 4

Problem 1. (1) Prove that for every rational number $q \in \mathbb{Q}$, $\sqrt{2} \cdot q$ is irrational.

(2) Prove or disprove: the sum or irrational numbers is irrational.

(3) Prove that $\sqrt{5}$ is irrational.

(4) (optional) Formulate a conjecture for the rationality and irrationality of real numbers of the form $\sqrt{n}$.

Problem 2. Determine which of the following statements are true. Prove your answer:

1. $\{1, -1\} \in \{1, -1, \{1\}, \{-1\}\}$.

2. $7 \in \{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid |n^2 - n - 3| \leq 5\}$.

3. $1 \in \{\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{N}_{even}\}$.

4. $16 \in \{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \forall y \in \mathbb{N}.y < 4 \Rightarrow y^2 + 2y < x\}$.

Problem 3. Compute the following sets using the list principle and global symbols $\mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N}_{even}, \mathbb{N}_{odd}$ and $\mathbb{Z}$. No proof in needed.

1. $\{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid \exists k \in \mathbb{N}.k + x \in \mathbb{N}_{even}\}$.

2. $\{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid x^2 + 2x - 3 = 0\}$.

3. $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid \forall y \in \mathbb{N}.y < x \Rightarrow y^2 < x^2\}$

Problem 4. Find a formal expression for the following sets:

1. The set of all integers below 100 which are are divisible by 3.

2. The set of all integers which are the successor of a power of 2.

3. The set of all (exactly) two element sets of real numbers.