**Problem 1.** Formalize each of the following statements using the predicate calculus.

(a) Every real solution of  $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$  is positive.

**Solution.**  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}(x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0 \Rightarrow x > 0)$ 

(b) Every prime number is greater than 1.

**Solution.**  $\forall p \in \mathbb{N}((\forall n \in \mathbb{N}(n | p \Rightarrow n = 1 \lor n = p)) \Rightarrow p > 1)$ 

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**Problem 2.** For each of the following statements, write the negation of the sentences **without** the negation symbol "¬", and prove the negation:

1.  $\exists \epsilon ((\epsilon > 0) \land (\forall x(x > 0 \Rightarrow x > \epsilon)))$ . Solution.

$$\exists \epsilon ((\epsilon > 0) \land (\forall x (x > 0 \Longrightarrow x > \epsilon))) \equiv \forall \epsilon ((\epsilon \le 0) \lor (\exists x ((x > 0) \land (x \le \epsilon)))$$

2. 
$$\forall x((x > 5) \Leftrightarrow (\forall y(y > -100))).$$
  
(Hint: Recall that  $A \Leftrightarrow B \equiv (A \Rightarrow B) \land (B \Rightarrow A)$ )

Solution.

$$\forall x((x > 5) \Leftrightarrow (\forall y(y > -100)) \equiv$$

$$\equiv \exists x(((x > 5) \land (\exists y(y \le -100))) \lor ((x \le 5) \land (\forall y(y > -100)))))$$

**Problem 3.** Prove the following statement:

If both *a* and *b* are divisible by *n*, then a - b is divisible by *n*.

**Solution.** Suppose that *a* and *b* are divisible by *n*. WTP a - b is divisible by *n*. By assumption, there are integers k, l such that a = kn and b = ln. Define t = k - l, then nt = n(k - l) = nk - nl = a - b. Hence a - b is divisible by *n*. Therefore if *n* divides *a* and *b* then *n* divides a - b.

**Problem 4.** Prove the following implication:

If *n* is even then n + 2 is even.

**Solution.** Suppose that *n* is even. WTP n + 2 is even. By assumption 2|n and therefore there is *k* such that n = 2k. Define t = k + 1, it follows that 2t = 2(k + 1) = 2k + 2 = n + 2. Hence *n* is even. Therefore if *n* is even then n + 2 is even.