

Math - 251 Formula Sheet, Summer 2009

Trig identities: $\sin^2 t + \cos^2 t = 1$, $\cos^2 t = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2t)$, $\sin^2 t = \frac{1}{2}(1 - \cos 2t)$, $\sin 2t = 2 \sin t \cos t$

Second Derivatives Test: Suppose the second partial derivatives of $f = f(x, y)$ are continuous on a disk with center (x_0, y_0) , and suppose that $f_x(x_0, y_0) = 0$ and $f_y(x_0, y_0) = 0$. Let $D = f_{xx}f_{yy} - f_{xy}^2$. If at (x_0, y_0) :

- (a) $D > 0$ and $f_{xx} > 0$, then $f(x_0, y_0)$ is a local minimum;
- (b) $D > 0$ and $f_{xx} < 0$, then $f(x_0, y_0)$ is a local maximum;
- (c) $D < 0$, then $f(x_0, y_0)$ is a saddle point;
- (d) $D = 0$, then test is inconclusive.

Important formulas:

$$\oint_C F_1 dx + F_2 dy = \iint_D \left(\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial y} \right) dA$$

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \iint_S \text{curl } \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

$$\iiint_E \text{div } \mathbf{F} dV = \oiint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{S}$$

Additional formulas:

$$d\mathbf{S} = \mathbf{r}_u \times \mathbf{r}_v du dv$$

$$d\mathbf{S}_{\text{sphere}} = \mathbf{r}_\varphi \times \mathbf{r}_\theta d\varphi d\theta = a^2 \sin \varphi (\sin \varphi \cos \theta, \sin \varphi \sin \theta, \cos \varphi)$$