Problem 1. Consider the function $f(x)=e^{x}+\cos (\pi x)$.
(a) Prove that $f(x)$ has a root in $(-1,1)$ using the intermediate value theorem. What properties of $f(x)$ allow us to use this theorem?
(b) Use the bisection method twice to find a smaller interval in which the root falls.

It is helpful to remember that $e \approx 2.72$.

Problem 2. For two differentiable functions $f(x), g(x)$, state the quotient rule for computing $(f / g)^{\prime}(x)$. Then explain with an example why

$$
\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)^{\prime}(x) \neq \frac{f^{\prime}(x)}{g^{\prime}(x)}
$$

