

MATH 251: Quiz 6

April 9, 2015

Name: Solution Sec: _____

1. Let
- $\vec{F} = \langle yz, xz, xy \rangle$
- . Compute the integral

$$\int_C \vec{F} \cdot ds$$

for the curve $C(t) = \langle 3t^2 + \cos(\pi t^3), 2t, t^4 + t^3 - t + 1 \rangle$ for $t = 0$ to 1. Hint: Is \vec{F} conservative? \vec{F} is conservative with $\vec{F} = \nabla(\phi)$. Thus

$$\begin{aligned}\int_C \vec{F} \cdot ds &= \phi(C(1)) - \phi(C(0)) \\ &= \phi(3-1, 2, 2) - \phi(1, 1, 1) \\ &= \phi(2, 2, 2) - \phi(1, 1, 1) = 8-1 = \boxed{7}\end{aligned}$$

2. Determine whether or not the following vector fields are conservative. If they are conservative, find a potential function.

(a) $\vec{F} = \langle y^2, x^2, \sin(z) \rangle$.

(b) $\vec{G} = \langle 3x^2 + \sin(z), 2yz, y^2 + x \cos(z) \rangle$.

(a) No. $\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial y} = 2y \neq 2x = \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x}$

(b) Yes. $\frac{\partial G_1}{\partial x} = 3x^2 + \sin z \rightarrow \phi \sim x^3 + x \sin z$

$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} = 2yz \rightarrow \phi \sim y^2 z$

$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial z} = y^2 + x \cos z \sim \phi = y^2 z + x \sin z$

Thus $\boxed{\phi = x^3 + y^2 z + x \sin z}$

3. Let $f(x, y, z) = 9z + 2x$ and let \mathcal{C} be the curve $c(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$ for $t = 0$ to 1 . Compute

$$\int_{\mathcal{C}} f(x, y, z) \, ds.$$

$$f(c(t)) = 9t^3 + 2t.$$

$$c'(t) = \langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle.$$

$$\|c'(t)\| = \sqrt{1+4t^2+9t^4}$$

$$\int_{\mathcal{C}} f(x, y, z) \, ds = \int_0^1 f(c(t)) \|c'(t)\| \, dt$$

$$u = 1+4t^2+9t^4$$

$$= \int_0^1 9t^3 + 2t \sqrt{1+4t^2+9t^4} \, dt \quad du = 36t^3 + 8t \, dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int u^{1/2} \, du$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} u^{3/2} = \frac{1}{6} (1+4t^2+9t^4)^{3/2} \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \left([1+4+9]^{3/2} - 1^{3/2} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{6} (14^{3/2} - 1)}$$