

MATH 251: Quiz 4

March 12, 2015

Name: Solutions Sec: _____

1. Evaluate the integral

$$\begin{aligned} & \int_0^4 \int_1^3 3x^2 + 2y + 1 \, dx \, dy \\ &= \int_0^4 \left. x^3 + 2xy + x \right|_1^3 \, dy \\ &= \int_0^4 (27 + 6y + 3 - 1 - 2y - 1) \, dy \\ &= \int_0^4 (28 + 4y) \, dy \\ &= 28y + 2y^2 \Big|_0^4 = 28 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 16 = 112 + 32 = \boxed{144} \end{aligned}$$

2. Let $D = \{x^2 + y^2 \leq 4, x \geq 0\}$. Evaluate the integral

$$\iint_D 1 \, dA$$

[Hint: Sketch the region and think about what this integral computes.]

This is the area of a semicircle with radius 2



$$A = \frac{\pi r^2}{2} = \frac{\pi \cdot 4}{2} = \boxed{2\pi}$$

3. Evaluate the following integral by changing the order of integration. You will also likely need integration by parts.

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^2 \frac{x^3}{1+x^2y} dx dy.$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{1+x^2y} dy dx$$

$$\begin{cases} u = 1+x^2y \\ du = x^2 dy \end{cases}$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_{\frac{1}{x^2}}^{\frac{2}{x^2}} \frac{x}{u} du dx = \int_0^2 x \ln u \Big| dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 x \ln(1+x^2y) \Big|_{y=0}^{y=1} dx$$

$$= \int_0^2 x \ln(1+x^2) - 0 dx$$

$$\begin{cases} v = 1+x^2 \\ dv = 2x dx \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \ln v dv = \frac{1}{2} \left[\int_0^2 1 \cdot \ln v dv \right] \quad \text{Integrate by parts}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[v \ln v \Big|_0^2 - \int_0^2 1 dv \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[v \ln v - v \right] \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[(1+x^2) \ln(1+x^2) - (1+x^2) \right] \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[5 \ln 5 - 5 - 1 \ln \frac{1}{2} + 1 \right] = \boxed{\frac{1}{2} [5 \ln 5 - 4]}$$