

MATH 251: Practice 24

July 13, 2015

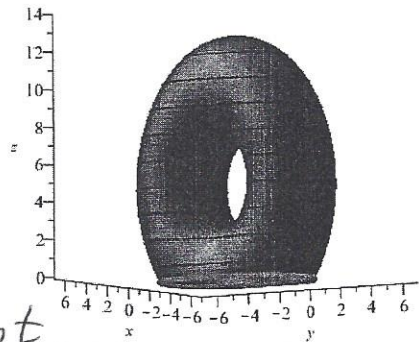
Name: Solution

Use Stokes' Theorem to evaluate the integral

$$\iint_S \text{curl}(\vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S}$$

for the surface  $S$  with outward normal vector and vector field  $\vec{F}$  below, where the boundary of  $S$  is the ellipse  $4x^2 + y^2 = 16$  in the  $xy$ -plane. This boundary can be parametrized as  $c(t) = \langle 2 \cos(t), 4 \sin(t), 0 \rangle$ ,  $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ .

$$\vec{F} = \langle 3x + 4yz, x + y + z, 3x^2 + 4y \rangle$$



$$F(c(t)) = \langle 6 \cos t, 2 \cos t + 4 \sin t, 4 \cos^2 t + 16 \sin t \rangle$$

$$c'(t) = \langle -2 \sin t, 4 \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\int_C \langle 6 \cos(t), 2 \cos(t) + 4 \sin(t), 4 \cos^2 t + 16 \sin t \rangle \cdot \langle -2 \sin t, 4 \cos t, 0 \rangle dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} -12 \cos(t) \sin(t) + 8 \cos^2 t + 16 \cos(t) \sin(t) dt$$

$$= 8 \left( \frac{t}{2} + \frac{\sin(2t)}{4} \right) \Big|_0^{2\pi} = 8\pi$$