

## Math 540: Exercises for Week 3

Reading: Hatcher Section 1.1-2

1. Hatcher 1.1.1
2. Hatcher 1.1.5
3. Hatcher 1.1.7
4. Hatcher 1.1.9
5. Hatcher 1.1.10
6. Let  $G$  be a path-connected topological group. Let  $f: I \rightarrow G$  and  $g: I \rightarrow G$  be two loops in  $G$  based at the identity. Observe that there are two natural notions of the product of  $f$  and  $g$ : the composition  $f \cdot g$  defined in class, and the pointwise product  $fg(s) = f(s)g(s)$ . Prove that these notions agree up to homotopy of loops. Use this to show the fundamental group of a topological group is always abelian.
7. Let  $H^1(X) = [X, S^1]$  be the set of homotopy classes of continuous maps from  $X$  to the circle. (No basepoints involved.)
  - (a) Remember that  $S^1$  has the structure of a topological group. Use this to give  $H^1(X)$  the structure of an abelian group.
  - (b) What is  $H^1(\{\text{pt}\})$ ?
  - (c) What is  $H^1(S^1)$ ? (Use what you know about  $\pi_1(S^1)$ .)
  - (d) Show that  $H^1$  is functorial in the following sense: Given  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  a continuous map, there is an induced map  $f^*: H^1(Y) \rightarrow H^1(X)$ . Moreover if  $g: Y \rightarrow Z$  then  $(g \circ f)^* = f^* \circ g^*$  as maps  $H^1(Z) \rightarrow H^1(X)$ .
  - (e) Show that if  $f$  and  $h$  are homotopic as maps  $X \rightarrow Y$  then  $f^* = h^*$ . Conclude that if  $X \simeq Y$  then  $H^1(X) \simeq H^1(Y)$ .
  - (f) Use  $H^1$  to prove there is no retraction  $D^2 \rightarrow S^1$ , giving yet another proof of the Brouwer fixed point theorem.