

Name: _____

- Class notes for this week: This week we have covered Sections 5.5 and 4.5. Next week we will cover Section 5.1 and have two review periods.
- Compute the integrals.

(a) (2 points)

$$\int \frac{\sec(12x) \tan(12x)}{\sqrt{\sec(12x)}} dx$$

(b) (1 point)

$$\int_{-5\pi}^{5\pi} \frac{\tan x}{x^4 + 2} dx$$

$$\textcircled{a} \int \frac{\sec(12x) \tan(12x)}{\sqrt{\sec(12x)}} dx$$

$$u = \sec(12x)$$

$$du = 12 \sec(12x) \tan(12x)$$

$$= \int \frac{\frac{1}{12} du}{\sqrt{u}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \int u^{-1/2} du$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} (2) u^{1/2} + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} \sqrt{\sec(12x)} + C$$

\textcircled{b} Note that $\frac{\tan(-x)}{(x)^4 + 2} = \frac{-\tan(x)}{x^4 + 2} = -\left(\frac{\tan x}{x^4 + 2}\right)$. So the function is odd

and the symmetric integral over $[-5\pi, 5\pi]$ is zero.

3. (a) (2 points) What is the average value of the function $f(x) = x^2 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right)$ over the interval $[0, 2]$?

$$\textcircled{a} \bar{f}_{\text{ave}} = \frac{1}{2-0} \int_0^2 \left[x^2 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}x\right) dx$$

$$u = \frac{\pi}{4}x$$

$$du = \frac{\pi}{4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{8}{3} - 0 \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(u) \cdot \frac{4}{\pi} du$$

$$\frac{4}{\pi} du = dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left[-\cos u \right]_0^{\pi/2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{\pi} [0 + 1]$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{\pi}$$