

Systems of differential equations

(Sec. 4.6)

$$\begin{cases} x' = x + y & x(0) = 1 \\ y' = x - y & y(0) = -1 \end{cases} \quad x(t), y(t)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow X = \mathcal{L}x, Y = \mathcal{L}y \quad X(s), Y(s)$$

$$\begin{cases} sX - x(0) = X + Y \\ sY - y(0) = X - Y \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} (s-1)X - Y = 1 \\ -X + (s+1)Y = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$(s^2-1)X - X = s+1-1$$

$$(s^2-2)X = s$$

$$X = \frac{s}{s^2-2}$$

$$x = \mathcal{L}^{-1}(X) = \cosh(\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$(\sinh)'(t) = \cosh t$$

$$(\cosh)'(t) = \sinh t$$

$$y = x' - x = \sqrt{2} \sinh(\sqrt{2}t) - \cosh(\sqrt{2}t)$$

$$x(0) = 1, y(0) = -1$$

Another solution.

$$X = \frac{s}{s^2 - 2} = \frac{a}{s - \sqrt{2}} + \frac{B}{s + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{s - \sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{s + \sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$a + B = 1$$

$$\sqrt{2}(a - B) = 0$$

$$a = B = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x(t) = \frac{1}{2} (e^{\sqrt{2}t} + e^{-\sqrt{2}t})$$

$$y(t) = x'(t) - x(t) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left((\sqrt{2} - 1) e^{\sqrt{2}t} - (\sqrt{2} + 1) e^{-\sqrt{2}t} \right)$$