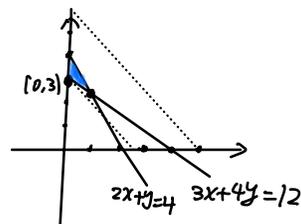


2.3: 15 Minimize $3x + 2.5y$
 subject to $3x + 4y \geq 12$
 $2x + y \leq 4$
 $x, y \geq 0$.



\Leftrightarrow Maximize $-3x - 2.5y$
 subject to $-3x - 4y \leq -12$
 $2x + y \leq 4$
 $x, y \geq 0$.

\rightarrow $-3x - 4y + u = -12$
 $2x + y + v = 4$
 $x, y, u, v \geq 0$.

$A = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, b = \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

basic solution $(0, 0), (-12, 4)$
 non basic $\uparrow \uparrow$
 basic

$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $B^{-1} \cdot b = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

Two-Phase Method.

Phase 1: Find an initial extremal point = basic feasible solution

Phase 2: Apply Simplex Method to extremal point from Phase 1.

$3x + 4y \geq 12$
 $2x + y \leq 4$
 $x, y \geq 0$.

\Rightarrow $3x + 4y - u = 12$
 $2x + y + v = 4$
 \rightarrow $3x + 4y - u + w = 12$
 $2x + y + v = 4$

x	y	u	v	w
3	4	-1	0	1
2	1	0	1	0

Minimize $3x + 2.5y \rightarrow$ Maximize $(-3)x + (-2.5)y$

	x	y	u	v	w	
y	$\frac{3}{4}$	1	$-\frac{1}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	3
v	$\frac{5}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	$-\frac{1}{4}$	1
	0	0	0	0	1	0
\rightarrow	3	$(\frac{5}{2})$	0	0		0
(y-row)	$-\frac{15}{8}$	$-\frac{5}{2}$	$\frac{5}{8}$	0		$-\frac{15}{2}$
x($-\frac{5}{2}$)						
$\frac{3}{4}x(-\frac{5}{2})$						
$-\frac{1}{4}x(-\frac{5}{2})$						
$3x(-\frac{5}{2})$						

	x	y	u	v	
y	$\frac{3}{4}$	1	$-\frac{1}{4}$	0	3
v	$\frac{5}{4}$	0	$\frac{1}{4}$	1	1
	$\frac{9}{8}$	0	$\frac{5}{8}$	0	$-\frac{15}{2}$

\Rightarrow Optimal solution
 $(x, y, u, v) = (0, 3, 0, 1)$
 Minimum = $-(-\frac{15}{2}) = \frac{15}{2}$