

Quiz: Consider the linear system with a parameter  $\alpha$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

- (i) When  $\alpha = 1$ , find the general solution to the system.  
What type of equilibrium point do we have?
- (ii) Find the values of  $\alpha$  at which bifurcation happens  
Describe how the type of equilibrium changes near  
the bifurcation value of  $\alpha$ .

Solution: (i) First find eigenvalue and eigenvectors of  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ -1 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (\lambda-1)^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda-1 = \sqrt{-1} \Rightarrow \lambda = 1 \pm i \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\lambda = 1+i, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1-(1+i) & 1 \\ -1 & 1-(1+i) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -i & 1 \\ -1 & -i \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow v = \begin{pmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow Y_c(t) = e^{(1+i)t} \begin{pmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^t (cost + isint) \begin{pmatrix} -i \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^t \begin{pmatrix} sint - i \cdot cost \\ cost + isint \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= e^t \begin{pmatrix} sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix} + i \cdot e^t \begin{pmatrix} -cost \\ sint \end{pmatrix} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

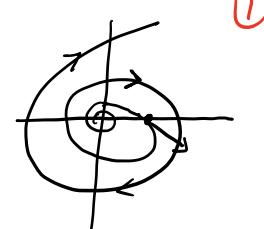
$$\Rightarrow \text{basic solutions } Y_1(t) = e^t \begin{pmatrix} sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix}, \quad Y_2(t) = e^t \begin{pmatrix} -cost \\ sint \end{pmatrix} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{general solution: } Y(t) = C_1 \cdot e^t \begin{pmatrix} sint \\ cost \end{pmatrix} + C_2 \cdot e^t \begin{pmatrix} -cost \\ sint \end{pmatrix}$$

$\operatorname{Re}\lambda = 1+i = 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \text{spiroing source.}$

The vector field at  $(1,0)$  is  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\Rightarrow \text{spiroing clockwise}$



(ii)  $\begin{pmatrix} a & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  trace  $T = a+1$ , determinant  $D = a+1$

$$\Rightarrow D = T = a+1 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} D = \frac{T^2}{4} \\ D = T \end{array} \right.$$

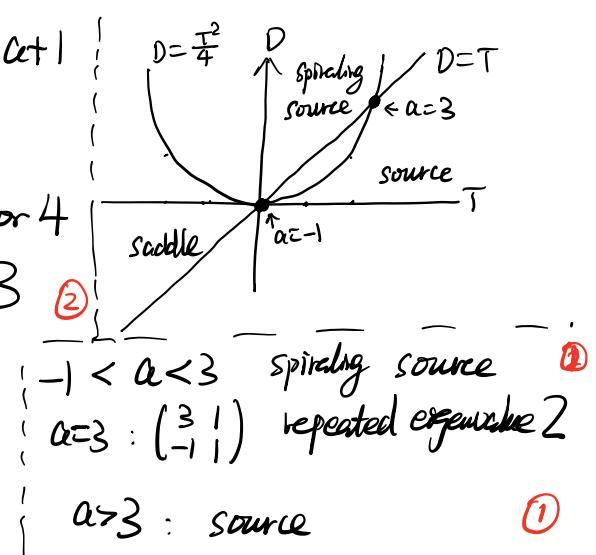
bifurcation value:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} D = T = a+1 \\ D = \frac{T^2}{4} \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow T = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow T = 0 \text{ or } 4 \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} D = \frac{T^2}{4} \\ D = T \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -1 \text{ or } 3 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$a < -1$ : saddle point

$a = -1$ :  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  repeated eigenvalue  $D$



\textcircled{1}

$-1 < a < 3$  spiroing source \textcircled{1}

$a = 3$ :  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  repeated eigenvalue 2

$a > 3$ : source \textcircled{1}