Difficulty guide for worksheet: C-level or B-level exam problem: 1, 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 2g, 2h, 2i A-level exam problem or challenge for extra study: 2j, 2k, 3 beyond the scope and/or removed from syllabus: none

- 1. Identify which of the following expressions makes sense and for those that do, say whether it is a vector or a scalar. Assume f and g are sufficiently differentiable scalar-valued functions, and assume F and G are sufficiently differentiable vector fields. The vectors a, b, and c are constants.
 - (a) $(\boldsymbol{a} \cdot \boldsymbol{b}) \times \boldsymbol{c}$ (f) $\operatorname{curl}(\boldsymbol{F} \times \boldsymbol{G})$ (k) $\operatorname{div}(f\boldsymbol{F})$ (b) $\boldsymbol{a} \cdot (\boldsymbol{b} \times \boldsymbol{c})$ (g) $\boldsymbol{F} \times \operatorname{grad}(f)$ (l) $\operatorname{div}(\boldsymbol{F}\boldsymbol{G})$ (c) $\operatorname{grad}(\boldsymbol{F})$ (h) $\operatorname{curl}(f\boldsymbol{F})$ (m) $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{div}(\boldsymbol{F}))$ (d) $\boldsymbol{F} \cdot \operatorname{grad}(f)$ (i) $\operatorname{grad}(fg)$ (n) $\operatorname{grad}(\operatorname{div}(\boldsymbol{F}))$ (e) $\operatorname{div}(\boldsymbol{F} \cdot \boldsymbol{G})$ (j) $\operatorname{curl}(\boldsymbol{F} \cdot \boldsymbol{G})$ (o) $\operatorname{curl}(\operatorname{curl}(\boldsymbol{F}))$
- **2.** Calculate $\operatorname{curl}(F)$ and $\operatorname{div}(F)$ for each vector field F. Also, for each F, find a potential function f or show that no such potential exists.

(a)
$$\mathbf{F} = \langle x, y \rangle$$

(b) $\mathbf{F} = \langle y, x, x - y \rangle$
(c) $\mathbf{F} = \langle y + z, x + z, x + y \rangle$
(d) $\mathbf{F} = \langle -y, -x \rangle$
(e) $\mathbf{F} = \langle -y, x \rangle$
(f) $\mathbf{F} = \langle e^{z}, e^{z}, e^{z}(x - y) \rangle$
(g) $\mathbf{F} = \langle x^{3}, 3y, -z^{3} \rangle$
(h) $\mathbf{F} = \langle ye^{xy}, xe^{xy} \rangle$
(i) $\mathbf{F} = \langle yz^{2}, xz^{2}, 2xyz \rangle$
(j) $\mathbf{F} = \frac{\langle x, y, z \rangle}{x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2}}$
(k) $\mathbf{F} = \frac{\langle x, y, z \rangle}{\sqrt{x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2}}}$

3. Determine whether the following statements are true or false. If the statement is true, explain why. If the statement is false, give a counterexample.

Recall: It is well known that for a function f of a single variable, if f'(x) = 0 for all x, then f is a constant function.

- (a) If $\nabla \cdot F = 0$ for all points (x, y, z), then F is constant.
- (b) If $\nabla \times F = 0$ for all points (x, y, z), then F is constant.
- (c) If $\nabla \cdot F = 0$ and $\nabla \times F = 0$ for all points (x, y, z), then F is constant.
- (d) A vector field consisting of parallel vectors has zero curl.
- (e) A vector field consisting of parallel vectors has zero divergence.
- (f) $\boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \boldsymbol{F}$ is orthogonal to \boldsymbol{F} .