## Difficulty guide for worksheet:

## C-level or $B$-level exam problem: $1,3,4,5,6$

A-level exam problem or challenge for extra study: 2 beyond the scope and/or removed from syllabus: none

1. Calculate all first derivatives for each function $f$.
(a) $f(x, y)=\cos \left(\frac{y}{x+y}\right)$
(c) $f(x, y, z)=z e^{x z-x^{2} z^{3}}$
(b) $f(u, v)=\ln \left(u^{2}+u v\right)$
(d) $f(s, t)=\tan ^{-1}\left(s t^{2}\right)$
2. Calculate $f_{x y x z y}$ for the following function.

$$
f(x, y, z)=y \sin (x z) \sin (x+z)+\left(x+z^{2}\right) \tan (y)+x \tan \left(\frac{z+z^{-1}}{y-y^{-1}}\right)
$$

3. Prove that there is no function $f$ such that $f_{x}=x y^{2}$ and $f_{y}=-x^{2} y$.
4. Find an equation of the plane tangent to the graph of $f$ at the indicated point.
(a) $f(x, y)=3 x^{2} y-x^{3} y^{2}$ at $(-1,1)$
(b) $f(x, y)=y e^{x / y}$ at $(\ln (2), 2)$
5. Use a linear approximation to estimate the value of $\sqrt{\frac{9.2}{3.9}}$.
6. Let $f(x, y)=3 x^{2}-x y-y^{2}-18 x$. Find all points on the graph of $f$ where the tangent plane is parallel to the indicated plane.
(a) the $x y$-plane
(b) the plane $2 x-5 x+2 z=1$
