Turn in starred problems Tuesday 09/14/2010.

## Multiple-page homework must be STAPLED when handed in.

Section 4.3:

- $1(\mathrm{a}),(\mathrm{b}),(\mathrm{c}),{ }^{*}(\mathrm{~g}),{ }^{*}(\mathrm{n})$
- 2
- $6(\mathrm{a}),{ }^{*}(\mathrm{~h}), *(\mathrm{j})$

Hints and remarks: Problem 6(h) is very simple: it is an Euler, or Cauchy-Euler, or equidimensional, equation. I mentioned this type of equation in class on Tuesday $9 / 7$; you can also read about it in Section 3.6.1. You don't really need to introduce a series to solve the equation, but it may be instructional to do so and see what happens.

