

## Solutions to Math 477 “QUIZ” for Lecture 11

1. The density function of a continuous random variable,  $X$ , is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{72} & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 6; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} .$$

(i) What is the probability that  $X$  is between 0 and 4?

(ii) What is the probability that  $X$  is between 0 and 2, if it is known that it is between 0 and 4.

**Sol. of 1(i):**

$$P\{0 < X < 4\} = \int_0^4 \frac{x^2}{72} dx = \left. \frac{1}{72} \frac{x^3}{3} \right|_0^4 = \frac{4^3 - 0^3}{3 \cdot 72} = \frac{64}{3 \cdot 72} = \frac{8}{3 \cdot 9} = \frac{8}{27} .$$

**Ans. to 1(i):** the probability that  $X$  is between 0 and 4 is  $\frac{8}{27}$ .

**Sol. of 1(ii):** Using  $P(E|F) = P(EF)/P(F)$  where  $E$  is the event  $\{0 < X < 2\}$  and  $F$  is the event  $\{0 < X < 4\}$ , and since  $EF = E$  ( $E$  is a subset of  $F$ )

$$P(0 < X < 2 | 0 < X < 4) = \frac{P\{0 < X < 2\}}{P\{0 < X < 4\}} .$$

We already know the denominator (see above). As for the numerator:

$$P\{0 < X < 2\} = \int_0^2 \frac{x^2}{72} dx = \left. \frac{1}{72} \frac{x^3}{3} \right|_0^2 = \frac{2^3 - 0^3}{3 \cdot 72} = \frac{8}{3 \cdot 72} = \frac{1}{3 \cdot 9} = \frac{1}{27} .$$

So

$$P(0 < X < 2 | 0 < X < 4) = \frac{\frac{1}{27}}{\frac{8}{27}} = \frac{1}{8} .$$

**Ans. to 1(ii):** The probability that  $X$  is between 0 and 2, if it is known that it is between 0 and 4 is  $\frac{1}{8}$ .

2. The lifetime of a machine part has continuous distribution on the interval  $(0, 10)$ , with probability density function  $f$ , where  $f(x)$  is proportional to  $\frac{1}{1+x}$ . What is the probability that the lifetime of the machine part is less than 4?

**Sol. of 2:** We **first** need to find the exact expression for the **probability density function**  $f(x)$ . We are told that

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{c}{1+x} & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 10; \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} ,$$

for some constant  $c$  to be determined. Since, **always**,

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1 .$$

Since  $f(x)$  is only non-zero in the interval  $(0, 10)$ , we have

$$\int_0^{10} \frac{c}{1+x} dx = 1 \quad ,$$

So

$$c \int_0^{10} \frac{1}{1+x} dx = 1 \quad ,$$

hence

$$c \left( \ln(1+x) \Big|_0^{10} \right) = c(\ln(11) - \ln(1)) = c(\ln 11) = 1 \quad .$$

We get  $c = 1/(\ln 11)$ . Hence

$$\begin{aligned} P\{0 < X < 4\} &= \int_0^4 f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\ln 11} \int_0^4 \frac{1}{1+x} = \frac{1}{\ln 11} (\ln(1+x)) \Big|_0^4 \\ &= \frac{1}{\ln 11} (\ln 5 - \ln 1) = \frac{1}{\ln 11} (\ln 5 - 0) = \frac{\ln 5}{\ln 11} \quad . \end{aligned}$$

**Ans. to 2:** The probability that the lifetime of the machine part is less than 4 is  $\frac{\ln 5}{\ln 11} = 0.6711877412\dots$