

“QUIZ” for Lecture 9

NAME: (print!) Wenhao Li Section: 22, 23, 24

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q9FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Oct. 5, 8:00pm

1. Find $\frac{\partial f}{\partial r}$ and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial s}$ as functions of r and s , if

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + 2xy^2 + 2y^3,$$

and the variables are related by $x = r + 2s$ and $y = 3r + 2s$. You do not need to simplify!

$$\begin{aligned} df/dx \cdot dx/dr + df/dy \cdot dy/dr &= (2x+2y^2) \cdot 1 + (4xy+6y^2) \cdot 3 \\ df/dx \cdot dx/ds + df/dy \cdot dy/ds &= (2x+2y^2) \cdot 2 + (4xy+6y^2) \cdot 2 \end{aligned}$$

2. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ if

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 5xyz + 1.$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x+2zz' &= (5y)(xz)' \\ 2x+2zz' &= (5y)(z+xz') \\ 2x+2zz' &= 5yz+5xyz' \\ 2zz' - 5xyz' &= 5yz-2x \\ z'(2z-5xy) &= 5yz-2x \\ z' &= (5yz-2x)/(2z-5xy) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2y+2zz' &= (5x)(yz)' \\ 2y+2zz' &= (5x)(z+yz') \\ 2x+2zz' &= 5xz+5xyz' \\ 2zz' - 5xyz' &= 5xz-2x \\ z'(2z-5xy) &= 5xz-2x \\ z' &= (5xz-2x)/(2z-5xy) \end{aligned}$$