"QUIZ" for Lecture 8

NAME: (print!) Yeram Sarah Jung Section: 23

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: qXFirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Oct. 1, 2020, 8:00pm

1. Find the directional derivative of the function $f(x, y, z) = xy^2z^3$ at the point (2, 1, 1) in the direction (2, -1, -1).

$$f. x = y^{2} z^{3} \qquad f. y = 2x y^{2} \qquad f.z = 3x y^{2} z^{2}$$

$$Vf = \langle y^{2} z^{3}, 2x y^{2} z^{3}, 3x y^{2} z^{2} \rangle$$

$$|\langle z, -1, -1 \rangle| = \sqrt{z^{2} + (-1)^{2} + (-1)^{2}} = \sqrt{6}$$

$$u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \langle z, -1, -1 \rangle = \langle \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \rangle$$

$$Vf(z, 1, 1) = \langle 1, 4, 6 \rangle$$

$$\langle 1, 4, 6 \rangle \cdot \langle \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \rangle = \frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} + (\frac{-4}{\sqrt{6}}) + (\frac{-6}{\sqrt{6}}) = \frac{-8}{\sqrt{6}}$$

2. Find the maximum rate of change of $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^3$ at the point (2,1) and the direction in which is occurs.

$$f_{-x} = 2x$$
 $f_{-y} = 3y^{2}$
 $\nabla f = \langle 2x, 3y^{2} \rangle$
 $\nabla f(2,1) = \langle 4, 3 \rangle$
 $|\langle 4, 3 \rangle| = \sqrt{4^{2} + 3^{2}} = 5$

maximum rate of change is 5 in the direction (4,3)