

“QUIZ” for Lecture 6

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Section: 24

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q6FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 24, 8:00pm

1. Find the limit if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x}{2x + 3y} .$$

Plugging $y = cx$ in this equation, we get $\frac{2x}{(2 + 3c)x} = \frac{2}{2 + 3c}$ whose value depends on c .
So, the limit does not exist.

2. Find the limit if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^5}{x^2 + y^2} .$$

plugging $y = cx$ in this equation

we get $\frac{x^5}{(1 + c^2)x^2} = \frac{x^3}{(1 + c^2)} = 0$

if we transfer the $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

the equation becomes $\lim_{r \rightarrow 0} r^3 \cos^5 \theta = 0$

So, the limit does exist and equal to 0.