

"QUIZ" for Lecture 6

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E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q6FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 24, 8:00pm

1. Find the limit if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{2x}{2x+3y} \quad \cdot \quad \frac{2(0)}{2(0)+3(0)} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = cx$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x}{2x+3cx} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x}{(2+3c)x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2}{2+3c}$$

The limit will be different for different points since it depends on the slope of c . So the limit does not exist.

2. Find the limit if it exists, or show that the limit does not exist.

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^5}{x^2+y^2} \quad \cdot \quad \frac{0}{0+0} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$y = cx$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^5}{x^2+(cx)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^5}{(1+c)x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3}{1+c} = \frac{0}{1+c} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta \\ y &= r \sin \theta \end{aligned} \quad f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) = \frac{(r \cos \theta)^5}{(r \cos \theta)^2 + (r \sin \theta)^2}$$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \frac{(r \cos \theta)^5}{(r \cos \theta)^2 + (r \sin \theta)^2} = \lim_{r \rightarrow 0} \frac{r^5 (\cos \theta)^5}{r^2 (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)} = \frac{r^3 (\cos \theta)^5}{(\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)} = \frac{0}{1} = 0$$