

"QUIZ" for Lecture 4

NAME: (print!) Brianna Patnaude Section: 22

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZealc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q4FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 17, 8:00pm

1. Find a parametric equation for the tangent line to the curve with the given parametric equation at the specified point

$$x = \cos t, \quad y = \sin t, \quad z = t^2 + 1; \quad (1, 0, 1)$$

Given  $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, t^2 + 1 \rangle$  find tangent line @ (1, 0, 1)

tangent  $\Rightarrow$  first derivative

$$\cos(t) = 1 \Rightarrow t = 0$$

$$\sin(t) = 0$$

$$t^2 + 1 = 1$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 2t \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{r}'(0) = \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

tangent line: point on curve +  $t$  (tangent point)

$$\text{tangent line: } \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle + t \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle + \langle 0, t, 0 \rangle$$

2. Find  $\mathbf{r}(t)$  if

$$\mathbf{r}'(t) = t\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + (t+1)\mathbf{k}$$

$$= \langle 1, t, 1 \rangle$$

and

$$\mathbf{r}(0) = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$$

$$\int \mathbf{r}'(t) \cdot \mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{2}t^2, 2t, \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t \right\rangle$$

$\hookrightarrow$  still have to figure out constants

$$x(0) = 1 = \frac{1}{2}t^2 + 1$$

$$y(0) = 2 = 2t + 2$$

$$z(0) = 3 = \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t + 3$$

$$\boxed{\mathbf{r}(t) = \left\langle \frac{1}{2}t^2 + 1, 2t + 2, \frac{1}{2}t^2 + t + 3 \right\rangle}$$