

R070: 201001195

"QUIZ" for Lecture 4

NAME: (print!) Aditya Sivakumar

Section: 24

E-MAILSCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q4FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 17, 8:00pm

1. Find a parametric equation for the tangent line to the curve with the given parametric equation at the specified point

$$x = \cos t, \quad y = \sin t, \quad z = t^2 + 1; \quad (1, 0, 1)$$

@ $(1, 0, 1)$ occurs at $t = 0$

$$r'(0) = \langle -\sin(0), \cos(0), 2(0) \rangle$$

$$= \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$r'(t) = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle + t \langle 0, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\langle 1, t, 1 \rangle$$

$$x(t) = 1$$

$$y(t) = t$$

$$z(t) = 1$$

2. Find $r(t)$ if

$$r'(t) = t\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + (t+1)\mathbf{k}$$

and

$$r(0) = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$$

$$r(t) = r_0 + \int_0^t \langle t, 2, t+1 \rangle$$

$$r(t) = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle + \left\langle \frac{t^2}{2}, 2t, \frac{t^2}{2} + t \right\rangle \Big|_0^t$$

$$r(t) = \langle 1, 2, 3 \rangle + \left\langle \frac{t^2}{2}, 2t, \frac{t^2}{2} + t \right\rangle - \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$r(t) = \left\langle \frac{t^2}{2} + 1, 2t + 2, \frac{t^2}{2} + t + 3 \right\rangle$$

$$r(t) = \left(\frac{t^2}{2} + 1 \right) \mathbf{i} + (2t + 2) \mathbf{j} + \left(\frac{t^2}{2} + t + 3 \right) \mathbf{k}$$