

Fayed Raza 9/14/20

"QUIZ" for Lecture 3

E-MAILSCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q3FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 15, 8:00pm

NAME:

1. Find an equation of the plane that passes through the points $(0, 1, 1)$, $(1, 0, 1)$, $(1, 1, 0)$.

$$a(x-x_0) + b(y-y_0) + c(z-z_0) = 0$$

$$\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle - \langle 0, 1, 1 \rangle = \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle - \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle = \langle 0, -1, 1 \rangle$$

$$\begin{matrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ a & b & c \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} + \\ + \\ + \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} (x-0) - (y+1) + (z-1) \\ x-y-1+z-1=0 \\ x-y+z=2 \end{matrix}$$

$x-y+z=2$

2. Find the intersection of the line

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle + t\langle 0, 2, 4 \rangle$$

and the plane

$$t + 1 + 2t + 4t = 14$$

$$x + y + z = 14 \quad \cdot \quad \frac{7^2 = 13}{7}$$

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 1+t, 1+2t, 4t \rangle$$

$$t = x \quad 2t = y \quad 4t = z$$

$$\underline{x = \frac{13}{7}} \quad \underline{y = \frac{26}{7}} \quad \underline{z = \frac{52}{7}} = 7$$

$(\frac{13}{7}, \frac{26}{7}, \frac{52}{7})$