

**"QUIZ" for Lecture 3**

**E-MAILSCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q3FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Sept. 15, 8:00pm**

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$P \quad Q \quad R$

1. Find an equation of the plane that passes through the points  $(0, 1, 1)$ ,  $(1, 0, 1)$ ,  $(1, 1, 0)$ .

$$u = \vec{PQ} = Q - P = (1, 0, 1) - (0, 1, 1) = \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle$$

$$v = \vec{PR} = R - P = (1, 1, 0) - (0, 1, 1) = \langle 1, 0, -1 \rangle$$

$$u \times v = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = ((-1) - (0))i - ((1) - (0))j + (0 - (1))k = i + j + k$$

$$\text{Point: } P = (0, 1, 1) : 1(x-0) + 1(y-1) + 1(z-1) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x+y-1+z-1=0}$$

$$\boxed{x+y+z=2}$$

2. Find the intersection of the line

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle + t\langle 0, 2, 4 \rangle$$

and the plane

$$x + y + z = 14$$

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 1, 1+2t, 4t \rangle$$

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$$\begin{aligned} x &= 1 \\ y &= 1+2t \\ z &= 4t \end{aligned}$$

$$1 + (1+2t) + (4t) = 14$$

$$2+6t=14$$

$$6t=12$$

$$t=2$$

$$\mathbf{r}(2) = \langle 1, 1, 0 \rangle + \langle 0, 4, 8 \rangle$$

$$= \boxed{\langle 1, 5, 8 \rangle}$$