

# Lecture 26 attendance quiz Shawn Goda

January February March April May June July August September October November December

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

$$1) \int_C 7x dx + 3x dy = \int_0^{2\pi} -70 \sin t (-10 \sin t) dt + \int_0^{2\pi} 30 \cos t (-10 \cos t) dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= r \cos(t) = 10 \cos t \\ y &= -r \sin(t) = -10 \sin t \\ 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi \end{aligned} \quad = \int_0^{2\pi} (700 \sin^2 t - 300 \cos^2 t) dt$$

$$= \left[ 200t - 500 \sin t \cos t \right]_0^{2\pi} = \boxed{400\pi}$$

$$2) f(x, y) = x^2 + 3xy + y^2 \quad f(1, 1) = 1^2 + 3 + 1^2 = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 2x + 3y & f_x(1, 1) &= 2 + 3 = 5 \\ f_y &= 3x + 2y & f_y(1, 1) &= 3 + 2 = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z - 5 &= 5(x - 1) + 5(y - 1) \\ z - 5 &= 5x - 5 + 5y - 5 \\ \boxed{-15} &= 5x + 5y - z \end{aligned}$$

$$3) f_x = 2xy \quad f_y = x^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2xy = 0 \quad x^2 = 0 & \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} x^2 = 0 & \quad f(0, 0) = 0 \\ x = 0 & \\ y = \frac{0}{2} & \\ y = 0 & \end{aligned} \right. \quad \boxed{\text{absolute min: } 0} \\ 2y = x & \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} y = \frac{x}{2} & \\ y = 0 & \end{aligned} \right. \quad \boxed{\text{absolute max: } 0.125} \\ y = \frac{x}{2} & \quad \left| \quad \begin{aligned} 0.5^2 \cdot 0.5 & \end{aligned} \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) f(x, y, z) &= \sin(x^2 + y + z) \\ f_x &= 2x \cos(x^2 + y + z) \\ f_{xx} &= -4x^2 \sin(x^2 + y + z) + 2 \cos(x^2 + y + z) \\ f_{xy} &= -4x^2 \cos(x^2 + y + z) - 2 \sin(x^2 + y + z) \\ f_{xyz} &= 4x^2 \sin(x^2 + y + z) - 2 \cos(x^2 + y + z) \\ f_{xxx}(0, 0, 0) &= \boxed{-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5) x^2y + xz + yz + x^2y^2z^2 &= 4 \\ \text{when } a &= x^2y^2, \quad b = x + y, \quad c = xz - 4 \\ z &= \frac{-(x+y) \pm \sqrt{(x+y)^2 - 4(x^2y^2)(xz-4)}}{2x^2y^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \text{ at } (1, 1, 1) = \boxed{-1}$$

$$6) \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = ((-1)j - (1+1)j) + (1+1)k$$

$$= \langle 0, -2, 2 \rangle$$

$$0(x-1) - 2(y-2) + 2(z-3) = 0$$

$$-2y + 4 + 2z - 6 = 0$$

$$\underline{-2y + 2z = 2}$$

$$7) a(t) = \langle -4\sin 2t, -4\cos 2t, 9e^{3t} \rangle$$

$$v(t) = \langle 2\cos(2t) + c, -2\sin(2t) + c, 3e^{3t} + c \rangle$$

$$v(0) = \langle 2 + c = 2, c = 0, 3 + c = 3 \rangle$$

$$p(t) = \langle \overset{c=0}{\sin(2t)} + c, \overset{c=0}{\cos(2t)} + c, \overset{c=0}{e^{3t}} + c \rangle$$

$$p(0) = \langle c = 0, 1 + c = 1, 1 + c = 1 \rangle$$

$$p\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \langle \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right), \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right), e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \rangle = 1$$

$$= \langle 1, 0, e^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \rangle$$

$$8) \int_C (x+y+z) ds = \int_0^1 (t+2t+4t) \sqrt{(1)^2 + (2)^2 + (2)^2} dt$$

$$= 3 \int_0^1 (t+2t+4t) dt = 3 \left[ \frac{t^2}{2} + t^2 + 2t^2 \right]_0^1$$

$$= 3 \left( \frac{1}{2} + 1 + 2 \right) = \boxed{10.5}$$

$$9) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}(1)\right) \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}(2)\right) = \boxed{0}$$

$$10) \iint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{s} = \iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} ds = \iiint_V \langle x^2 + \sin(y+z), y^2 + xz^3, z^2 + e^{xy} \rangle \cdot \vec{n}$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (2x + 2y + 2z) dx dy dz$$

$$\int_0^1 (2x + 2y + 2z) dx = \left[ x^2 + 2yx + 2zx \right]_0^1 = 1 + 2y + 2z$$

$$\int_0^1 (1 + 2y + 2z) dy = \left[ y + y^2 + 2zy \right]_0^1 = 1 + 1 + 2z$$

$$\int_0^1 (2 + 2z) dz = \left[ 2z + z^2 \right]_0^1 = 2 + 1 = \boxed{3}$$

$$11) f_{xx} = 2e^{2x+3y+4z}$$

$$f_{yy} = e^{2x+3y+4z} + g(y, z)$$

$$f_{zz} = 3e^{2x+3y+4z}$$

$$f_{xy} = e^{2x+3y+4z} + z(s.) \quad g(y, z) = 0$$

$$f_{yz} = 4e^{2x+3y+4z}$$

$$f_{zx} = e^{2x+3y+4z} + 0$$

$$f = e^{2x+3y+4z}$$

$$r(t) = \langle t, 2t, t^2 \rangle \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1$$

$$r(0) = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$r(1) = \langle 1, 2, 1 \rangle$$

$$f(1, 2, 1) - f(0, 0, 0)$$

$$= e^{2+6+4} - e^0 = \boxed{e^{12} - 1}$$

$$12) \int_C 5y dx + 5x dy + 6z dz$$

$$\int_0^1 5t(2t) dt = \left| \frac{10t^3}{3} \right|_0^1 = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\int_0^1 5t^2(1) dt = \left| \frac{5t^3}{3} \right|_0^1 = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\int_0^1 6t^2(2t) dt = \left| 3t^4 \right|_0^1 = 3$$

$$\frac{10}{3} + \frac{5}{3} + 3 = \boxed{8}$$

$$13) \iiint_E \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+y^2+z^2}} dV = \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{10} \frac{\rho^2 \sin \varphi}{\sqrt{\rho}} d\rho d\theta d\varphi$$

$$\int_0^{10} \frac{\rho^2 \sin \varphi}{\sqrt{\rho}} d\rho = \left| \frac{2\rho^{\frac{3}{2}} \sin \varphi}{\frac{3}{2}} \right|_0^{10} = \frac{40\sqrt{10}}{3} \sin \varphi$$

$$40\sqrt{10} \int_0^{2\pi} \sin \varphi d\theta = \frac{40\sqrt{10}}{3} \cdot 80\pi \sqrt{10} \sin \varphi$$

$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} 80\pi \sqrt{10} \sin \varphi d\varphi = 80\pi \sqrt{10} \left| -\cos \varphi \right|_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} = \boxed{80\pi \sqrt{10}}$$

$$14) \iiint_E 360x \, dV = \int_0^1 \int_0^w \int_0^z 360x \, dx \, dy \, dz \, dw$$

$$\int_0^z 360x \, dx = \left. 180x^2 \right|_0^z = 180z^2$$

$$\int_0^z 180z^2 \, dz = \left. 60z^3 \right|_0^z = 60z^3$$

$$\int_0^w 60z^3 \, dz = \left. 15z^4 \right|_0^w = 15w^4$$

$$\int_0^1 15w^4 \, dw = \left. 3w^5 \right|_0^1 = \boxed{3}$$

$$15) \begin{aligned} x_u &= 6 \cos(2u+v) & y_u &= 1 - \sin(u+v) \\ x_v &= 3 \cos(2u+v) & y_v &= 1 - \sin(u+v) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_u & x_v \\ y_u & y_v \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 6 \cos(2u+v) & 3 \cos(2u+v) \\ 1 - \sin(u+v) & 1 - \sin(u+v) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= (6 \cos(2u+v) - 6 \cos(2u+v) \sin(u+v)) - (3 \cos(2u+v) - 3 \cos(2u+v) \sin(u+v))$$

$$\text{at } (u, v) = (0, 0) \Rightarrow (6 - 6 \cdot 0) - (3 - 3 \cdot 0) = \boxed{3}$$

$$16) f(x, y) = x^3 + y^2 - 6xy$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_x &= 3x^2 - 6y & f_{xx} &= 6x & f_{xy} &= -6 \\ f_y &= 2y - 6x & f_{yy} &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$3x^2 - 6y = 0 \quad 2y - 6x = 0$$

$$3x^2 - 18x = 0 \quad \leftarrow 2y = 6x$$

$$3x(x - 6) = 0$$

$$x = 0, x = 6 \quad \Rightarrow (0, 0), (6, 18)$$

$$y = 0, y = 18$$

$$f_{xx}(0, 0) = 0$$

$$f_{xx}(6, 18) = 36$$

$$f_{xy}(0, 0) = -6$$

$$f_{xy}(6, 18) = -6$$

$$f_{yy}(0, 0) = 2$$

$$f_{yy}(6, 18) = 2$$

$$D = (0)(2) - (-6)^2 = -36$$

$$D = (36)(2) - (-6)^2 = 36$$

Saddle point at (0, 0)

local minimum at (6, 18)

$$17) \iiint_S \langle x+z, y+z, x+z \rangle ds = \iiint_V \langle 1+1, 1+1, 1+1 \rangle dV$$

$$\iiint_V 3 dV = \int_0^\pi \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{10} 3\rho^2 \sin\varphi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\varphi$$

$$\int_0^{10} 3\rho^2 \sin\varphi \, d\rho = \left| \rho^3 \sin\varphi \right|_0^{10} = 1000 \sin\varphi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} 1000 \sin\varphi \, d\theta = \left| 1000 \sin\varphi \theta \right|_0^{2\pi} = 2000\pi \sin\varphi$$

$$\int_0^\pi 2000\pi \sin\varphi \, d\varphi = \left| -2000\pi \cos\varphi \right|_0^\pi = \boxed{4000\pi}$$