

Lecture 25 Quiz Shaun Goda

January February March April May June July August September October November December

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

1) $\text{curl } F =$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{xz} + \cos(x^2 - y + 3z)) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\cos(\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2y^9)) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\cos(\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2y^9)) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos(\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2y^9)) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos(\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2y^9)) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cos(\sqrt{1+x^2} + 2y^9)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{div } F = \frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial Q}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial z}$$

$$\text{div } \nabla \times F = 0$$

answer: 0

2) Calculate the surface integral... $z = g(x, y) = 5$

$$S_1 = \iint_S F \cdot ds = \iint_D (-(2x+y+z)0 - (x+2y+z)0 + (x+y+2z)) dA$$

$$\iint_D (x+y+2z) dA = \iint_D (x+y+10) dA$$

where $\{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 4\}$

$$\int_0^4 \int_0^1 (x+y+10) dx dy$$


$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 (x+y+10) dx = \left| \frac{x^2}{2} + xy + 10x \right|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} + y + 10$$

$$\int_0^4 (y + \frac{21}{2}) dy = \left| \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{21}{2}y \right|_0^4 = 8 + 22 = \underline{30}$$

$$S_2 = \int_0^4 \int_0^1 (x+y) dx dy \Rightarrow \int_0^1 (x+y) dx = \left| \frac{x^2}{2} + xy \right|_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} + y$$

$$\int_0^4 (\frac{1}{2} + y) dy = \left| \frac{1}{2}y + \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^4 = 2 + 8 = \underline{10}$$

$S_3 = \iint_S F \cdot ds = \iint_D (-P - Q \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + R \frac{\partial z}{\partial z}) dA$ $x = g(x, z) = 1$




$$= \iint_D (-(2x + z + z)) dA = \int_0^5 \int_0^4 (-2x - z - z) dx dz$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^4 (-2 - z - z) dz = \left| -2z - \frac{z^2}{2} - z^2 \right|_0^4$$

$$= -8 - 8 - 4z = -16 - 4z$$

$$\int_0^5 (-16 - 4z) dz = \left| -16z - \frac{2z^2}{1} \right|_0^5 = -80 - 50 = -130$$


$S_4 = \iint_D (-z - z) dx dz \Rightarrow \int_0^4 (-z - z) dz = \left| -\frac{z^2}{2} - z^2 \right|_0^4$



$$= -8 - 4z \Rightarrow \int_0^5 (-8 - 4z) dz = \left| -8z - 2z^2 \right|_0^5$$

$$= -40 - 50 = -90$$

$S_5 = \iint_S F \cdot ds = \iint_D (-P \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} - Q + R \frac{\partial z}{\partial z}) dA$ $z = g(x, z) = 4$




$$= \iint_D (-(x + 2z + z)) dA = \int_0^5 \int_0^1 (-x + 8 + z) dx dz$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^1 (-x + 8 + z) dx = \left| -\frac{x^2}{2} + 8x + xz \right|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{2} + 8 + z$$

$$\int_0^5 (-\frac{15}{2} + z) dz = \left| -\frac{15}{2}z + \frac{z^2}{2} \right|_0^5 = -\frac{75}{2} + \frac{25}{2} = -25$$

$S_6 = \int_0^5 \int_0^1 (-x + z) dx dz \Rightarrow \int_0^1 (-x + z) dx = \left| -\frac{x^2}{2} + xz \right|_0^1$



$$= -\frac{1}{2} + z \Rightarrow \int_0^5 (-\frac{1}{2} + z) dz = \left| -\frac{1}{2}z + \frac{z^2}{2} \right|_0^5$$

$$= -\frac{5}{2} + \frac{25}{2} = \frac{20}{2} = 10$$

$|\sum S_i| = 30 + 10 - 130 - 90 - 25 + 10$

$$= -195$$

answer: -195