

“QUIZ” for Lecture 23

NAME: (print!) Ashwin Haridas Section: 22

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: qXFirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Dec. 1, 2020, 8:00pm

1. Determine whether or not the vector field is conservative. If it is, find a function f such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$.

$$\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (3x^2y^3z^3 + yz) \mathbf{i} + (3x^3y^2z^3 + xz) \mathbf{j} + (3x^3y^3z^2 + xy) \mathbf{k}$$

$$\text{curl } \mathbf{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{i} & \mathbf{j} & \mathbf{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ P & Q & R \end{vmatrix} = \mathbf{i} [(9x^3y^2z^2) - (9x^3y^2z^2 + x)] - \mathbf{j} [9x^2y^3z^2y - 9x^2y^3z^2x] = [0]$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = (3x^2y^3z^3 + yz) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = (3x^3y^2z^3 + xz) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = (3x^3y^3z^2 + xy)$$

$$f = \int 3x^2y^3z^3 + yz \, dx = x^3y^3z^3 + xyz + g(y, z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 3x^3y^2z^3 + xz + \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = 3x^3y^2z^3 + xyz \quad \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$\int 0 \, dz = 0 + h(z) \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 3x^3y^3z^2 + xy + \frac{\partial h}{\partial z} = 3x^3y^3z^2 + xy \quad \frac{\partial h}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\boxed{f = x^3y^3z^2 + xyz}$$

2. Evaluate

$$\int_C 5y \, dx + 10x \, dy ,$$

where C is the closed curve consisting of the boundary of the rectangle

$$\{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}.$$

$$P = 5y \quad Q = 10x$$

$$Q_x = 10 \quad P_y = 5$$

$$Q_x - P_y = 5$$

$$\iint 5 \, dA$$

Since it is a constant, we can just

$$\downarrow \cdot 5 \cdot 1 = \boxed{5}$$

\uparrow Area of rectangle.