

"QUIZ" for Lecture 20

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E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q20FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Nov. 16, 8:00pm

1. Find an equation for the tangent plane to the parametric surface

$$x = v^2, \quad y = u + v, \quad z = u^2,$$

at the point (1, 2, 1). Simplify as much as you can!

@ point (1, 2, 1)

$$r = \langle v^2, u + v, u^2 \rangle$$

$$v = 1 \\ u = 1$$

$$r_u = \langle 0, 1, 2u \rangle = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle$$

$$r_v = \langle 2v, 1, 0 \rangle = \langle 2, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$r_u \times r_v = \langle -2, 4, -2 \rangle$$

$$-2(x-1) + 4(y-2) - 2(z-1) = 0$$

$$-2x + 2 + 4y - 8 - 2z + 2 = 0$$

$$-2x + 4y - 2z = 4 \rightarrow \boxed{x - 2y + z = -2}$$

2. Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S z \, dS$$

where  $S$  is the triangular region with vertices (2, 0, 0), (0, 2, 0), (0, 0, 2).

$$\vec{AB} = \langle -2, 2, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{AC} = \langle -2, 0, 2 \rangle$$

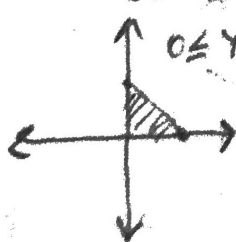
$$\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} = \vec{N} = \langle 4, 4, 4 \rangle$$

$$4(x-2) + 4(y) + 4z = 0$$

$$x + y + z = 2$$

$$g(x, y) = 2 - x - y$$

$$y = 2 - x$$



$$\iint_S z \, dS = \iint_D (2-x-y) \sqrt{1+(-1)^2+(-1)^2} \, dA$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \int_0^2 \int_0^{2-x} (2-x-y) \, dy \, dx = \sqrt{3} \int_0^2 \left( 2y - xy - \frac{y^2}{2} \right) \Big|_0^{2-x} dx$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \int_0^2 \left( 4 - 2x - 2x + x^2 - \frac{(4-4x+x^2)}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \int_0^2 \left( 2 - 2x - \frac{x^2}{2} \right) dx$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \left( 2x - x^2 - \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \Big|_0^2$$

$$= \sqrt{3} (4 - 4 - 4/3)$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$