

Quiz for Lecture 20

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SECTION 22  
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1. Find an equation for the tangent plane to the parametric surface

$$x = v^2, \quad y = u + v, \quad z = v^2$$

at the point  $(1, 2, 1)$ . Simplify as much as you can!

$$v^2 = 1 \quad u + v = 2 \quad \Rightarrow u = 1$$

$$v = 1 \quad u = 1$$

$$r_u = \langle 0, 1, 2u \rangle = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle$$

$$r_v = \langle 2v, 1, 0 \rangle = \langle 2, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\text{normal vector} = \langle 0, 1, 2 \rangle \times \langle 2, 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$= \langle -2, 4, -2 \rangle$$

$$\rightarrow 2(x-1) + 4(y-2) - 2(z-1) = 0$$

$$-x + 1 + 2y - 4 - z + 1 = 0$$

$$\boxed{z = -x + 2y - 2}$$

2. Evaluate the surface integral

$$\iint_S z \, ds$$

where  $S$  is the triangular region with vertices  $(2, 0, 0)$ ,  $(0, 2, 0)$ ,  $(0, 0, 2)$

$$x + y + z = 2$$

$$z = 2 - x - y$$

$$\begin{aligned} z - x - y = 0 \\ x + y = 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$x > 0 \quad y > 0$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 2, \quad 0 \leq y \leq 2 - x$$

$$ds = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{3} \, dx \, dy$$

$$\int_0^2 \int_0^{2-x} (2-x-y) \sqrt{3} \, dy \, dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{3}$$

$$\boxed{\text{Ans: } \frac{4}{3} \sqrt{3}}$$

Quiz for Lecture 22

Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_S F \cdot ds$  for the given vector field  $F$  and oriented surface  $S$ .

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~~Let  $S$  be the~~  $F(x, y, z) = \langle xy, yz, zx \rangle$

and  $S$  is the part of the paraboloid  $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the square  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq y \leq 1$  and has upward orientation.

$$\iint_S F \cdot ds = \left( -P \frac{dz}{dx} - Q \frac{dz}{dy} + R \right) dA$$

$$P = xy \quad Q = yz \quad R = zx$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = -2x$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = -2y$$

$$\frac{dz}{dy} = -2y$$

$$\iint_S F \cdot ds = (2x^2y + 2y^2z + zx) dA$$

$$= (2x^2y + 2y^2(1-x^2-y^2) + (1-x^2-y^2)x) dA$$

$$\{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1\}$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 (2x^2y + 2y^2(1-x^2-y^2) + (1-x^2-y^2)x) dx dy$$

$$= \frac{83}{180}$$