

## "QUIZ" for Lecture 2

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E-MAIL ADDRESS SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com  
(Attachment: q2FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN FRIDAY Sept. 11,  
8:00pm \_\_\_\_\_

1. Determine whether the two vectors are orthogonal and if not, whether the angle between them is acute or obtuse. **a.**  $\langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 3, -2, -1 \rangle$ .

**b.**  $\langle 4, 3 \rangle$ ,  $\langle 2, -4 \rangle$ .

$$\#a. \langle 1, 1, 1 \rangle \cdot \langle 3, -2, -1 \rangle = (1 \times 3 - 1 \times 2 - 1 \times 1) = 0$$

# the two vectors are orthogonal

$$\#b. \langle 4, 3 \rangle \cdot \langle 2, -4 \rangle = (4 \times 2 - 3 \times 4) = -4$$

$$\# -4 < 0$$

# the two vectors are not orthogonal and the angle between them is obtuse.

2. Calculate  $v \times w$ , if

$$v = \langle 0, 1, -1 \rangle, w = \langle 1, -1, 0 \rangle.$$

$$\#v \times w = \langle 1 \times 0 - (-1) \times (-1), 1 \times (-1) - 0 \times 0, 0 \times (-1) - 1 \times 1 \rangle = \langle -1, -1, -1 \rangle$$