

"QUIZ" for Lecture 19

NAME: (print!) SAI EMGAR Section: 23

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: q19FirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Nov. 12, 8:00pm

1.

Determine whether or not the vector field

$$F(x, y, z) = y^2 z^3 \mathbf{i} + 2xyz^3 \mathbf{j} + 3xy^2 z^2 \mathbf{k}$$

is conservative. If it is conservative, find a function f such that $\mathbf{F} = \nabla f$.

$$F_1 = y^2 z^3, F_2 = 2xyz^3, F_3 = 3xy^2 z^2$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial x} = 2yz^3 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\partial F_1}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial y} = 2y^2 z^2 \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\partial F_2}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial x} = 6xy^2 z \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = F_1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = y^2 z^3$$

$$f(x, y, z) = \int y^2 z^3 dx = x y^2 z^3 + g(y, z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = F_2$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2xyz^3$$

$$2xyz^3 + g_y(y, z) = 2xyz^3$$

$$g_y(y, z) = 0$$

$$\int 0 dy = g(z)$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x y^2 z^3 + g(z)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = F_3$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 3xy^2 z^2$$

$$3xy^2 + g'(z) = 3xy^2 z^2$$

$$g'(z) = 0$$

$$g(z) = \int 0 dz = C$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x y^2 z^3 + C$$

2. Show that the line integral

$$\int_C 2xy^2 dx + 2x^2y dy,$$

is independent of the path C , and evaluate it if C is any path from $(1, 0)$ to $(0, 1)$.

$$F_1 = 2xy^2, F_2 = 2x^2y$$

$$f(y) = \int 2xy^2 dx = x^2 y^2 + g(y)$$

$$f_1(y) = f_2(x)$$

$$f(x, y) = \int 2xy^2 dx = x^2 y^2 + g(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^2 y + g'(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2x^2 y$$

$$2x^2 y + g'(y) = 2x^2 y$$

$$f(x, y) = x^2 y^2$$

$$f(\text{end}) - f(\text{start})$$

$$f(0, 1) - f(1, 0) = 0^2 \cdot 1^2 - 1^2 \cdot 0 = 0$$