

"QUIZ" for Lecture 15

NAME: (print!) Yeram Sarah Jung Section: 23

E-MAIL SCANNED .pdf OF COMPLETED QUIZ to DrZcalc3@gmail.com (Attachment: qXFirstLast.pdf) ASAP BUT NO LATER THAN Oct. 29, 8:00pm

1. Use polar coordinates to compute the double integral

$$\iint_D xy \, dA,$$

where

$$D = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 \leq 1, x \geq 0, y \geq 0\}.$$

$$y^2 = 1 - x^2$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$$

$$D = \{(r, \theta) \mid 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \leq r \leq 1\}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 r^3 \cos \theta \sin \theta \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{r^4 \cos \theta \sin \theta}{4} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{4}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{4} \, d\theta = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{u}{4} \, du = \frac{u^2}{8} = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{8} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{8}}$$

$$u = \sin \theta$$

$$du = \cos \theta \, d\theta$$

2. Evaluate the iterated integral by converting it to polar coordinates

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} e^{x^2+y^2} \, dx \, dy.$$

Note: The previous version had a typo ($dy \, dx$ instead of $dx \, dy$, that made it nonsense). I thank Yidi "Wendy" Weng for pointing it out (and see won a dollar).

$$D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{1-y^2}\}$$

$$D = \{(r, \theta) \mid 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}, 0 \leq r \leq 1\}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^1 e^{(\cos \theta)^2 + (\sin \theta)^2} r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{r^2}{2} e^{(\cos \theta)^2 + (\sin \theta)^2} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{e^{(\cos \theta)^2 + (\sin \theta)^2}}{2} = \frac{e}{2}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{e}{2} \, d\theta = \frac{e}{2} \theta \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{\pi e}{4}}$$